

Oracle's Application Development Framework (ADF) at a Glance



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Objectives

- Be aware of Oracle's Application Development Framework (ADF) standards-based applications
- Understand ADF development using advanced graphical editing and declarative techniques
- Know ADF's Java and XML underpinnings
- See how JDeveloper creates ADF applications
- Grasp ADF BC's reusable data source support
- Learn how to build UIs graphically with drag and drop components, and declarative properties

Who Am I?



- John King – Partner, King Training Resources
- Providing training to Oracle and IT community for over 20 years – <http://www.kingtraining.com>
- “Techie” who knows Oracle, SQL, Java, and PL/SQL pretty well (along with many other topics)
- Leader in Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) design and implementation
- Member of ODTUG (Oracle Development Tools User Group) Board of Directors
- Active member of Rocky Mountain Oracle Users Group (RMOUG)

Who Are You?

- Forms Developer
- 4GL Developer
- Java Developer
- All of the above
- None of the above

Oracle Fusion Architecture

- So what is Oracle's "Fusion" and where does it fit?
- Oracle uses the title "Fusion" to unify its SOA-directed offerings and highlight the integration features incorporated in their products
- Two major legs of Oracle Fusion Architecture are:
 - Oracle Fusion Middleware
 - Oracle Fusion Applications

Oracle Fusion Middleware

- Oracle Fusion Middleware (FMW) includes several key application development components including:
 - Oracle WebLogic Server (application server)
 - Oracle JDeveloper (multi-purpose IDE)
 - Application Development Framework (ADF)
 - Other Oracle Application Development tools:
 - TopLink (object-relational mapping)
 - JRocket (high-speed JVM)
 - Tuxedo (transaction-monitor)
 - Coherence (in-memory data grid; svc sharing/caching)
 - More...

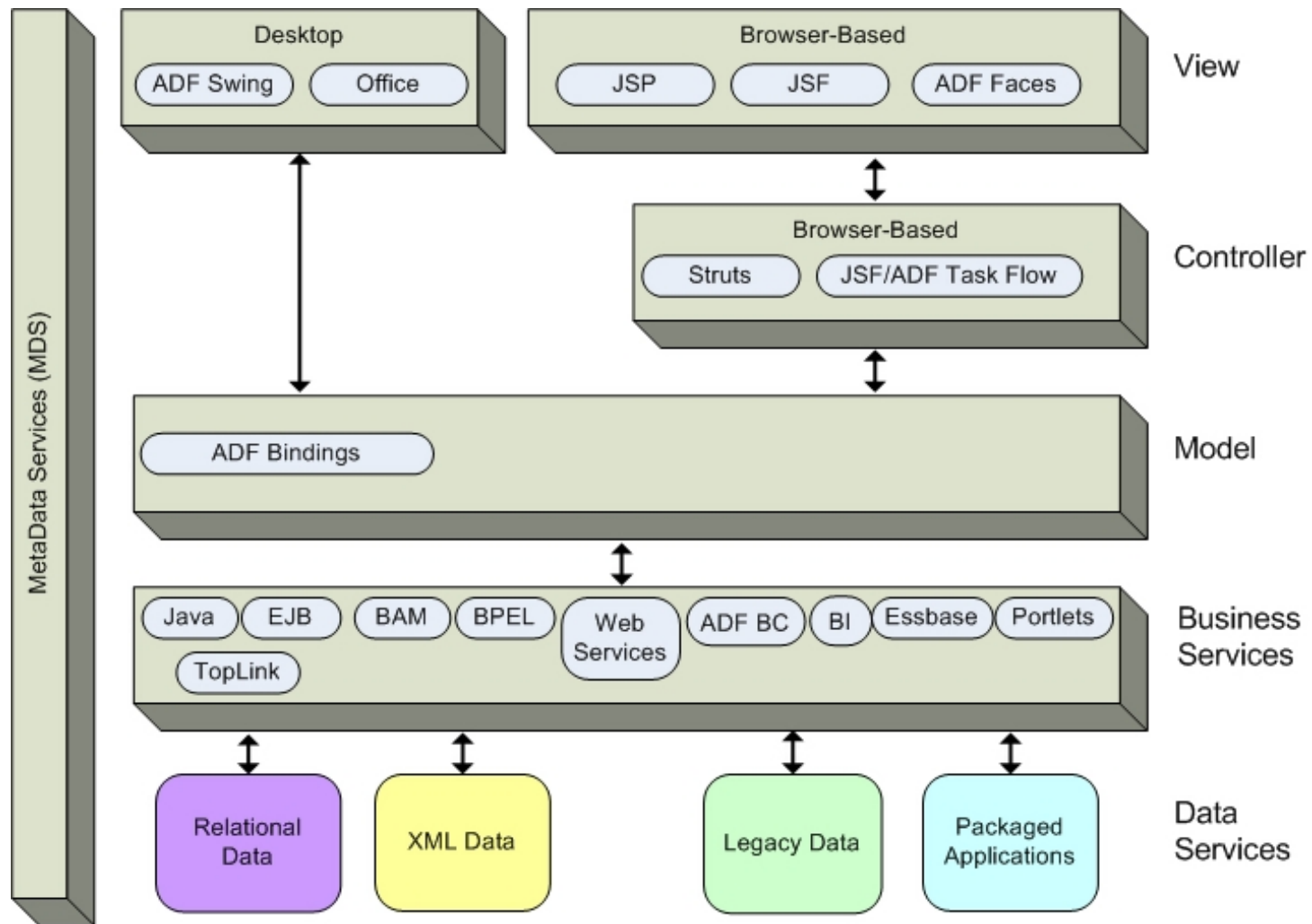
Oracle Application Development Framework (ADF), page 1

- ADF is a “meta-Framework” interacting with a variety of underlying software components (including Frameworks) to provide:
 - Database connectivity and transfer
 - Mapping of application views to data sources
 - Database interaction: constraints, keys, data types, master/detail, null handling
 - Data caching via entity objects

Oracle Application Development Framework (ADF), page 2

- ADF features (continued)
 - Transaction management (locks, commit, rollback, etc...)
 - Declarative validation
 - Business logic and event handling
 - User Interface (UI) logic, flow, look & feel
 - Data-bound UI Components
 - UI properties including: formatting, colors, defaults, visual components, LOVs, etc...

ADF Technology “Stack”



Why Oracle ADF?

- Oracle Application Development Framework (ADF) is a Java-based development tool (much like Oracle Forms is a PL/SQL-based tool) designed to take full advantage of Java Enterprise Edition or Java EE
- Java EE is one of the most widespread application environments today
- ADF's 4GL features make application development much easier than normal Java "coding"
- Oracle is rewriting their ERP stack as "Fusion Applications" using ADF; the already rich toolset gets richer every day

Do I Need to Know Java ?

- Probably not well
 - Someone with very basic Java and Web Skills can easily create applications with ADF (much the same as someone with basic PL/SQL could create very basic Oracle Forms)
 - Someone on your team needs to know Java very well
- Someone on your team needs to understand ADF and its available components very well

Is Forms Going Away?

- NO, NO, NO, NO, NO
- Oracle is committed to supporting Oracle Forms for many years to come
- A new version of Oracle Forms (12g) is on the way!

ADF: Two Major Pieces

- ADF has many parts but two are central to creating applications
 - ADF BC Business Components (data)
 - ADF Faces Graphical User Interface

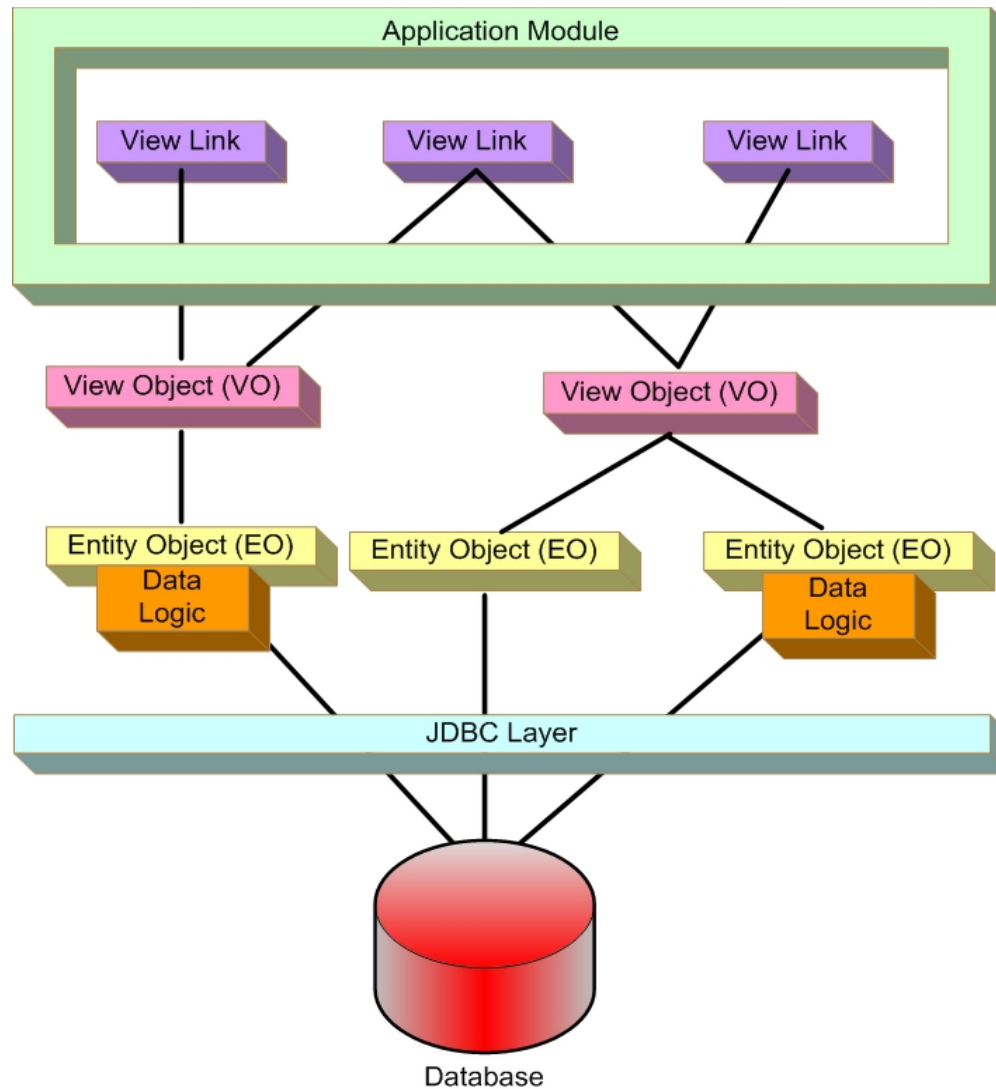
ADF Business Components (ADF BC)

- ADF Business Components is a framework that simplifies developing Java EE business services
- ADF BC is part of the ADF Business Services layer and is used to provide:
 - Persistence and data retrieval with SQL using data views
 - Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) between Java classes and database data
 - Simplified data access, validation, and business logic
 - Transactional infrastructure
 - Implementation of best practices

ADF BC Objects

- ADF BC is implemented using a variety of objects to:
 - Define Insert-Update-Delete views to perform queries and data manipulation
 - Define query views (read-only)
 - Define links between queries

ADF BC - Component Structure



ADF BC Components

- ADF BC uses a variety of object types to represent data:
 - Database tables and views Application Base Data
 - Entity Objects Business rules, validations, defaults for a table (or view)
 - View Objects SQL output to query, filter, join, modify, or sequence data
 - Application Modules Use View Objects to access/modify data acting as a back-end data service
 - Appl. Module Data Model Describes actual View Object uses
- Objects may be reused in multiple Application Modules

ADF Data Binding

- After identifying Entity Objects and View Objects two additional ADF Data Model components are used
 - Data Controls
Java objects used to abstract View Object Business Services
 - Binding Containers
Java object; provides data access to a single ADF application page, fragment, or activity

Java Server Faces (JSF)

- Java Server Faces (JSF) is a Web-tier framework of JSP technology and JSP Tag libraries to create and use User Interface components
- JSF is extended by components of Oracle ADF Faces
- JSF includes:
 - Runtime architecture
 - Library of JSF components
 - JSF “Life Cycle”
 - Many JSF-Oriented Files

ADF Faces

- Even though JSF sought to simplify user interface; it is often felt to be too complex
- Oracle has extended JSF as “ADF Faces” providing a set of libraries and tags that include enhanced UI components and easier use
- Oracle has presented ADF Faces to the Open Source community where it is part of the Apache Foundation Trinidad MyFaces project

<http://myfaces.apache.org/trinidad/index.html>

Using ADF

- Using ADF Faces is simple using JDeveloper:
 - Add Application layout containers to describe user interface
 - Add ADF Faces components to layout containers
 - All UI is done with ADF Faces; no HTML coding
- Features added by ADF Faces:
 - Pop-ups and Dialog boxes
 - Data Visualization Tools: Charts, graphics, etc...
 - Declarative AJAX support
 - More...

ADF Controller

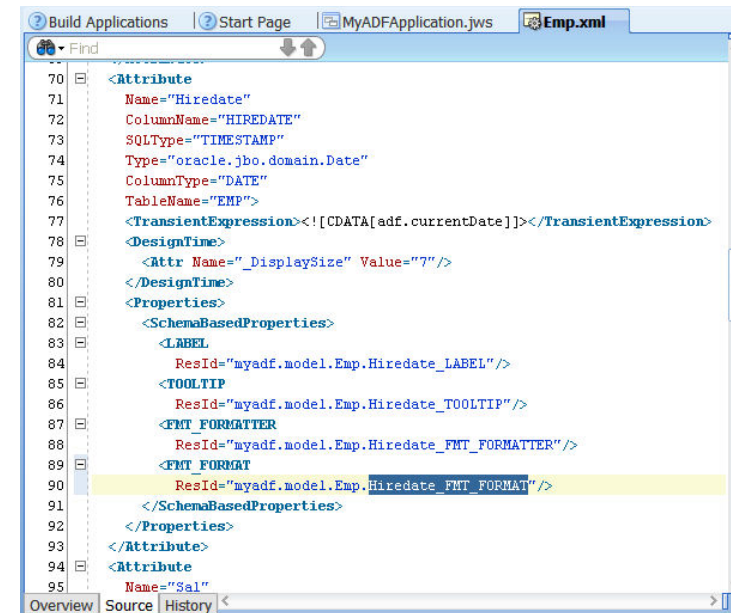
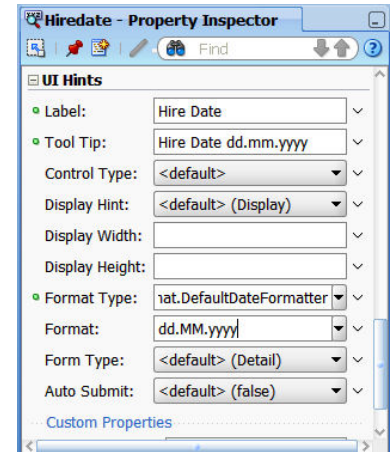
- The ADF Controller extends the JSF controller and controls ADF's MVC (Model-View-Controller) in ADF
- ADF Controller features include:
 - Sequence of page displays (may be conditional)
 - Allows partial-page processing in the same way as full page processing; only the necessary part of a page is rendered, the rest is unchanged
 - Allows reuse of page parts
 - Provides conditional control of page flow

ADF Faces “Rich-Client” Features

- ADF Faces is designed to create “rich-client” (RC) interfaces; full-featured and declarative including:
 - Complete JDeveloper support graphic development (screen-painter) and property palettes
 - Visual Editor
 - Property Inspector
 - Changeable “skins” to easily alter look-and-feel
 - Modifiable look-and-feel properties (declarative)
 - Layout control

Declarative Features of ADF and JDeveloper

- One of the advantages of ADF and ADF BC is the declarative nature of the framework
 - Rather than writing code to perform typical data definition tasks; developers use JDeveloper Property Palettes to set (or check) values
 - ADF uses XML files to store declared definitions



Oracle JDeveloper

- JDeveloper provides a world-class, easy to use IDE
- Oracle has extended JDeveloper beyond Java to include:
 - Oracle ADF modeling, business services, and GUI design
 - XML edit including Syntax Checking & Schema Validation
 - SQL development including debugging of stored PL/SQL
 - UML Modeling and MDA (Model Driven Architecture)
 - Web Services development
 - ESB design
 - BPEL design
 - Portlets

Downloading JDeveloper

- JDeveloper is Free!
- To learn more about JDeveloper, see Oracle's website:

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/developer-tools/jdev/overview/index.html>

Oracle WebLogic Server

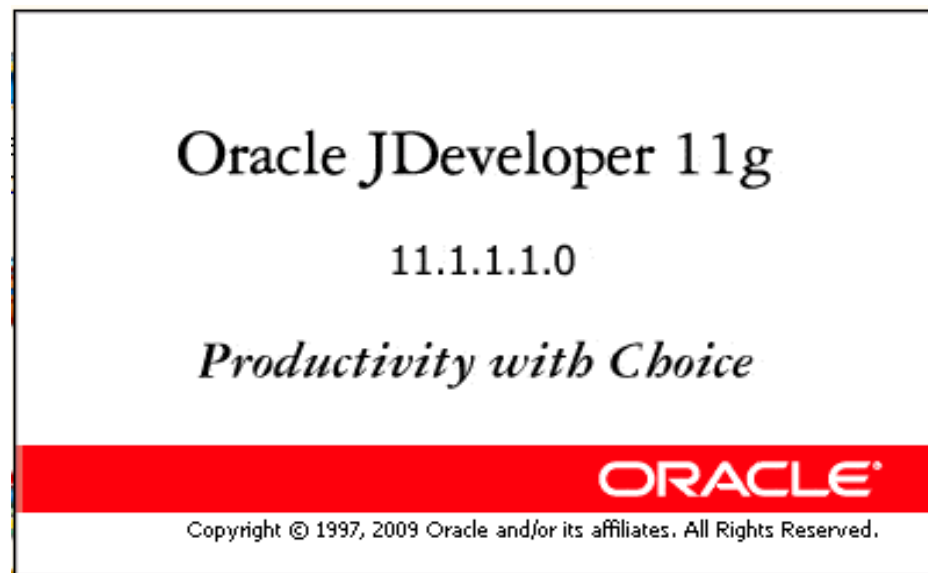
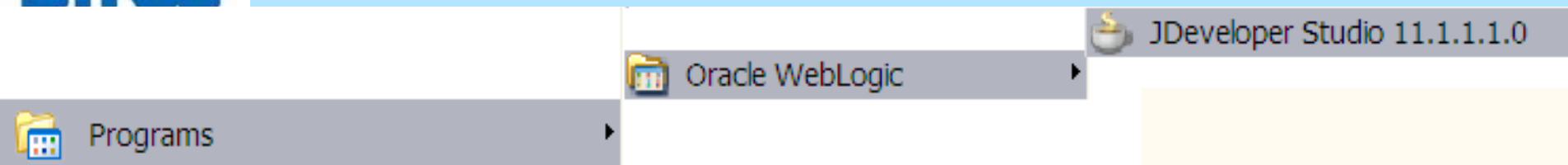
- Oracle WebLogic Server is Oracle's preferred platform to provide both a standard Java EE environment and an environment specifically tailored to Oracle Fusion Middleware; providing:
 - Complete Java EE 5 compatibility
 - Complete Java SE 6 compatibility
 - Web Services support
 - Integration with Oracle's Fusion Middleware tools

Oracle AS and OC4J?

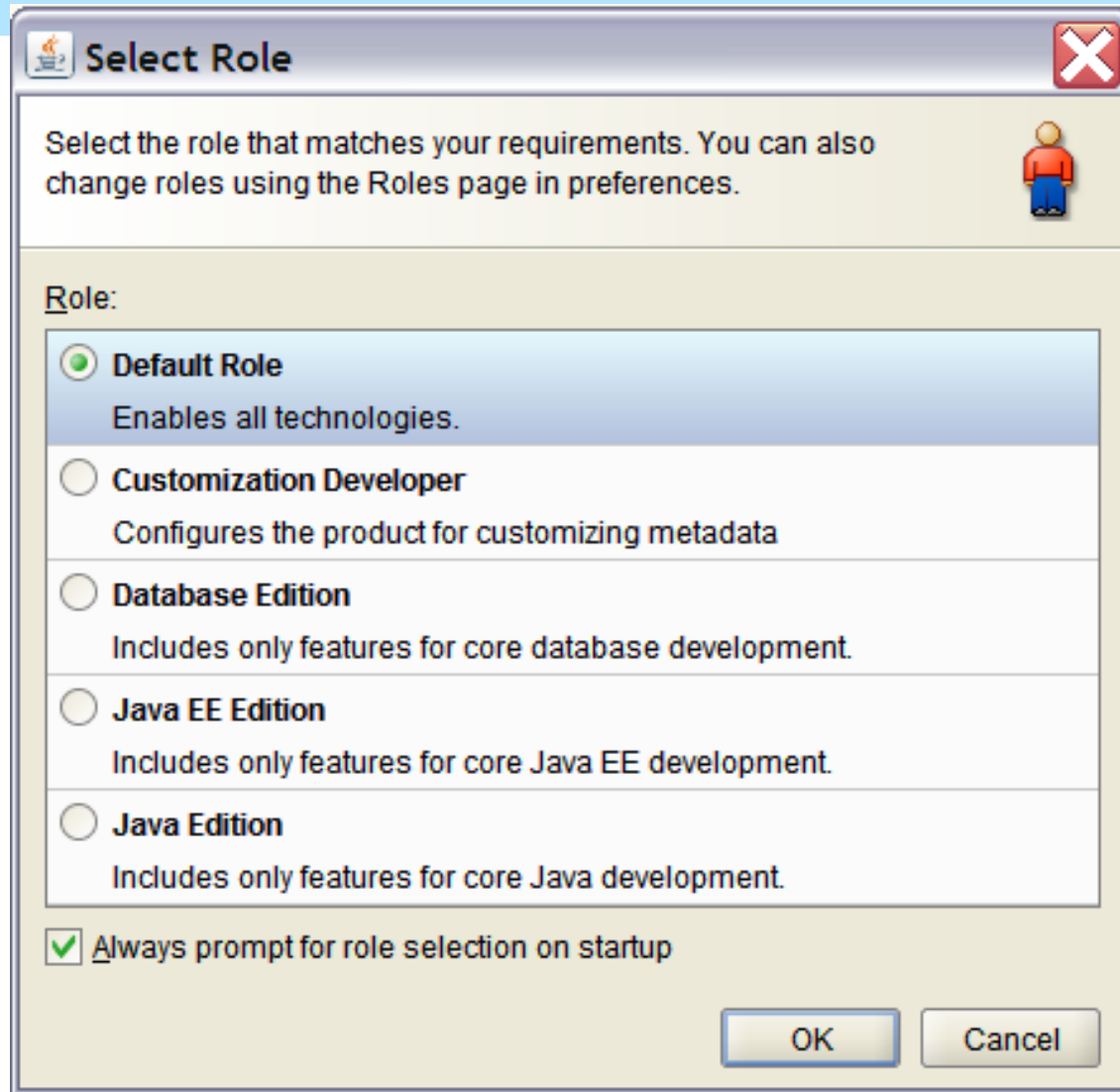
- Oracle WebLogic Server is the replacement for Oracle Application Server (OAS) and OC4J
- OAS and OC4J are still supported and may be used instead of WebLogic if desired but ADF requires Java 1.5 / Java 5 (needed for ADF)
- To learn more about Oracle WebLogic Server see Oracle's website:

<http://www.oracle.com/us/products/middleware/application-server/index.htm>

Starting JDeveloper



JDeveloper - Select Role



The image shows a 'Select Role' dialog box from JDeveloper. The title bar says 'Select Role' with a close button. The main text says 'Select the role that matches your requirements. You can also change roles using the Roles page in preferences.' There is a user icon on the right. Below this is a section labeled 'Role:' with five radio button options: 'Default Role' (selected), 'Customization Developer', 'Database Edition', 'Java EE Edition', and 'Java Edition'. Each option has a description. At the bottom, there is a checked checkbox for 'Always prompt for role selection on startup' and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Select Role

Select the role that matches your requirements. You can also change roles using the Roles page in preferences.

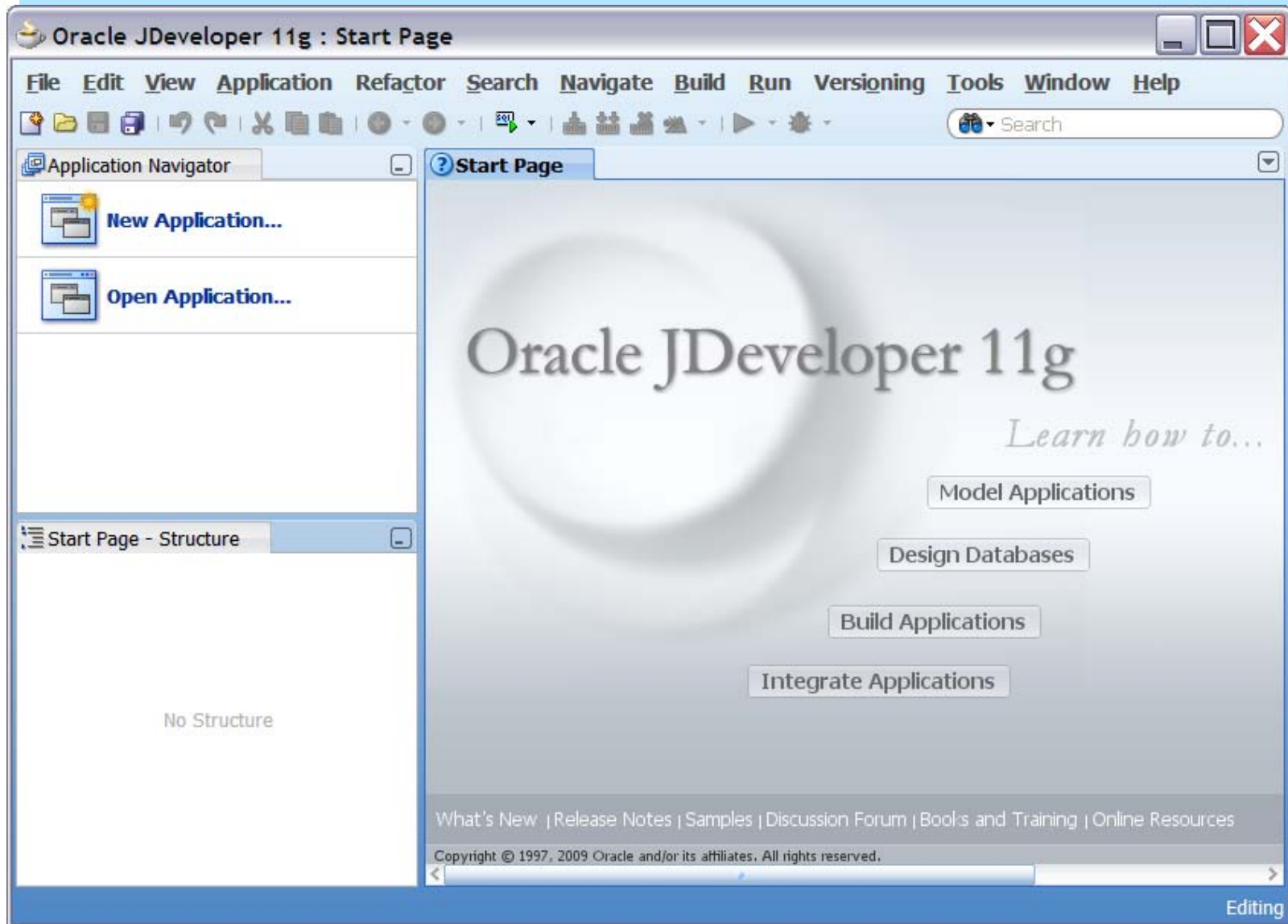
Role:

- ☒ **Default Role**
Enables all technologies.
- ☐ **Customization Developer**
Configures the product for customizing metadata
- ☐ **Database Edition**
Includes only features for core database development.
- ☐ **Java EE Edition**
Includes only features for core Java EE development.
- ☐ **Java Edition**
Includes only features for core Java development.

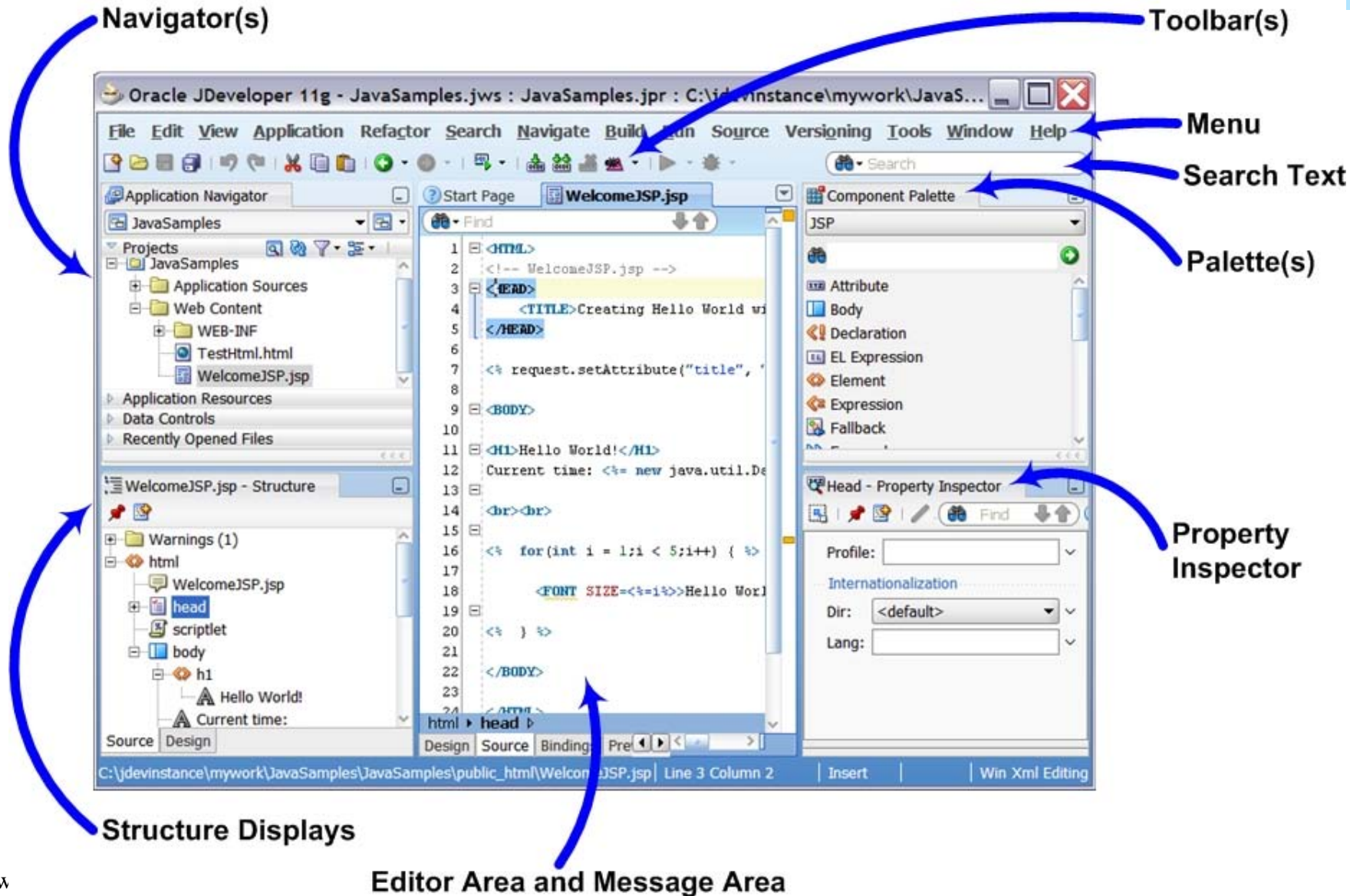
☒ **Always prompt for role selection on startup**

OK Cancel

JDeveloper - Start Page



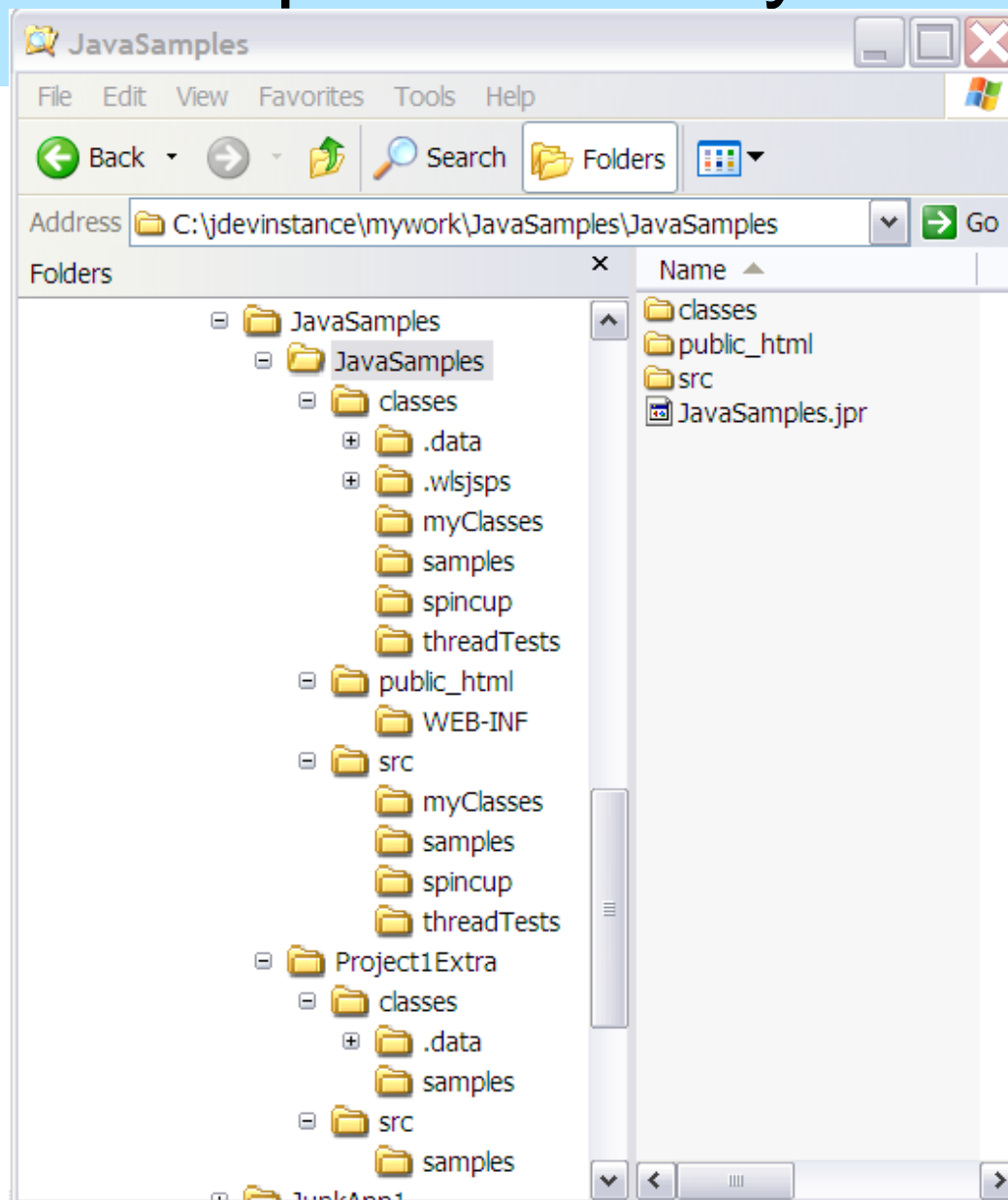
Exploring JDeveloper



Applications and Projects

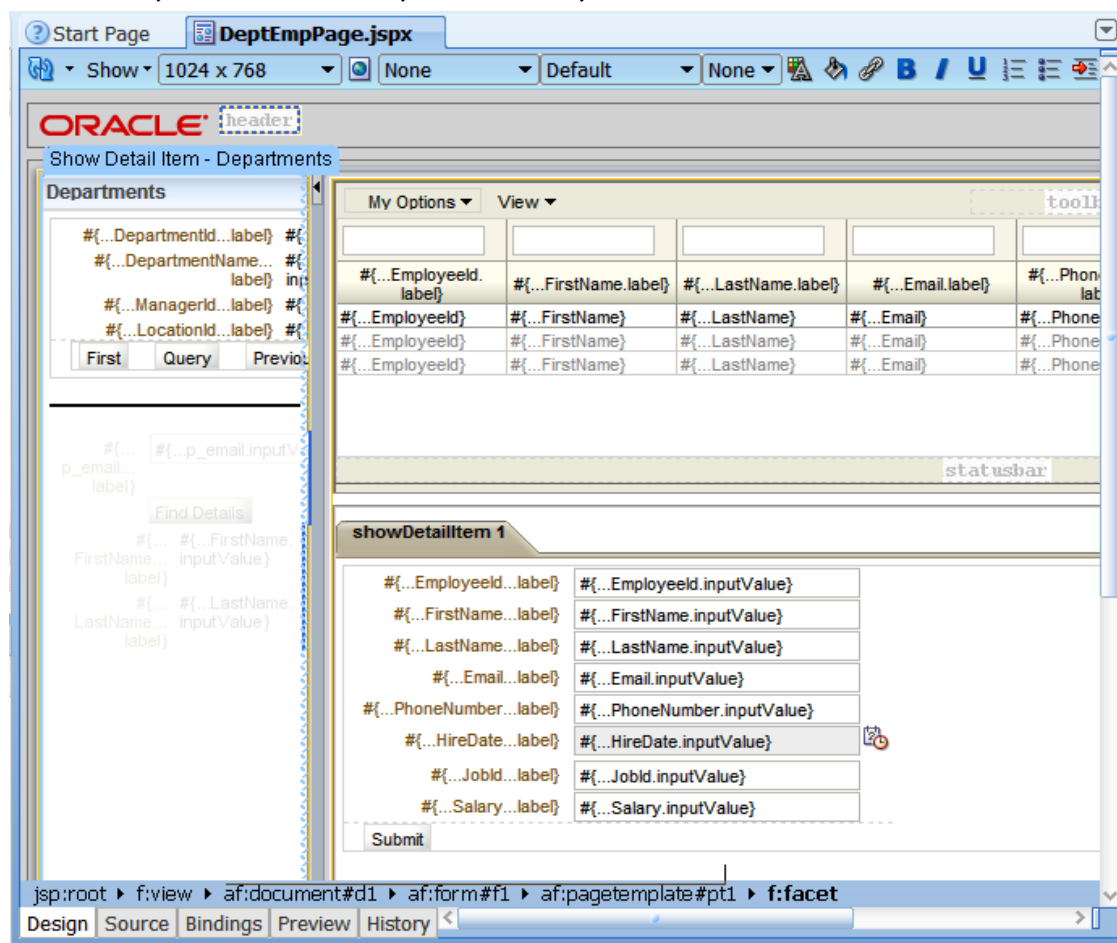
- JDeveloper uses a non-standard, Oracle-specific “Application” to group a collection of “Projects” (similar to how it is done by other IDEs)
- All files representing an “Application” share a common root directory (folder) on a disk
- Many Applications may be open at once in JDeveloper; but only one at a time will be visible in the Application Navigator

JDeveloper Directory Structure



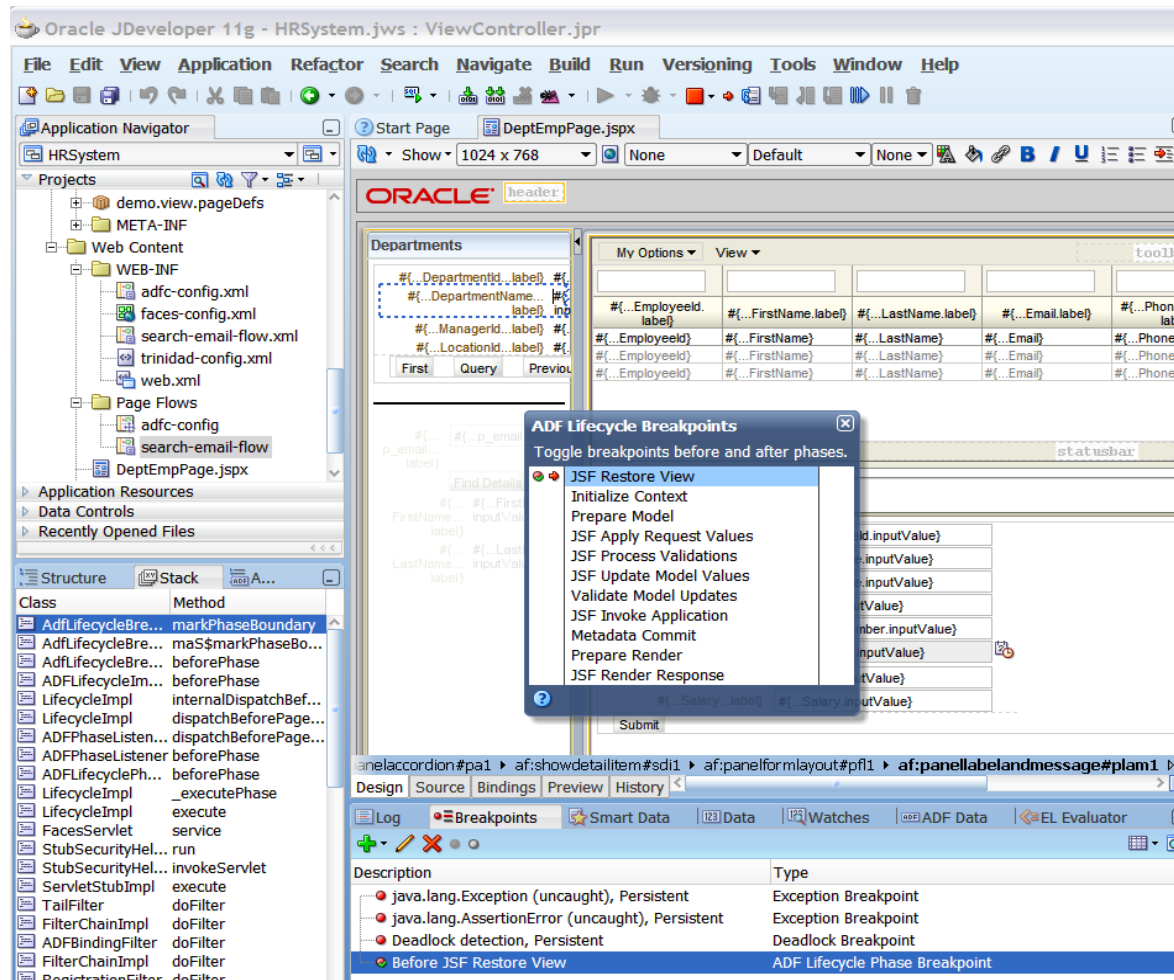
JDeveloper Editing

- JDeveloper has many Code Editors & Visual Editors including: Java, XML, HTML, JSP, JSF/ADF Faces, BPEL, & more



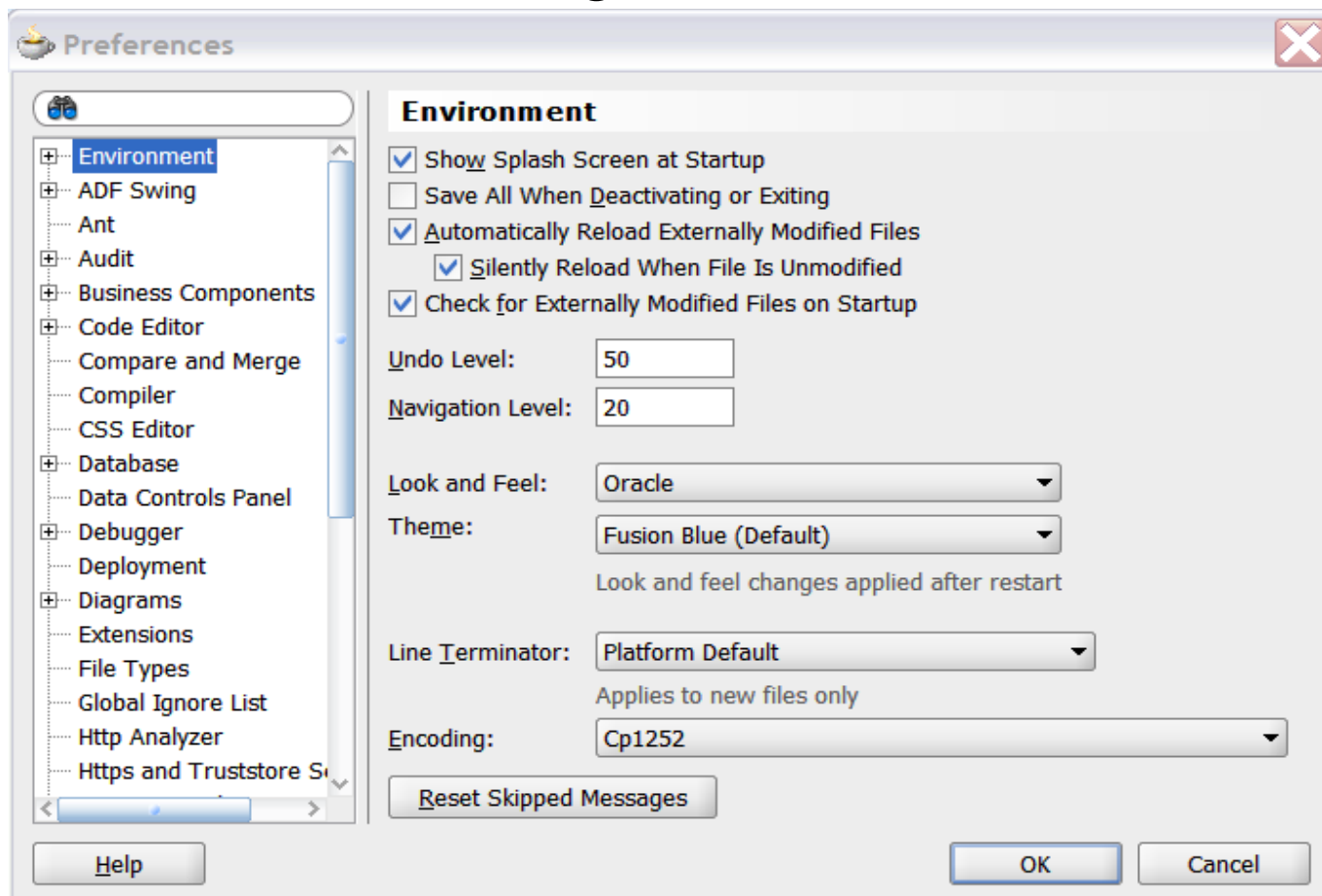
JDeveloper Debugging

- JDeveloper allows local and remote debugging



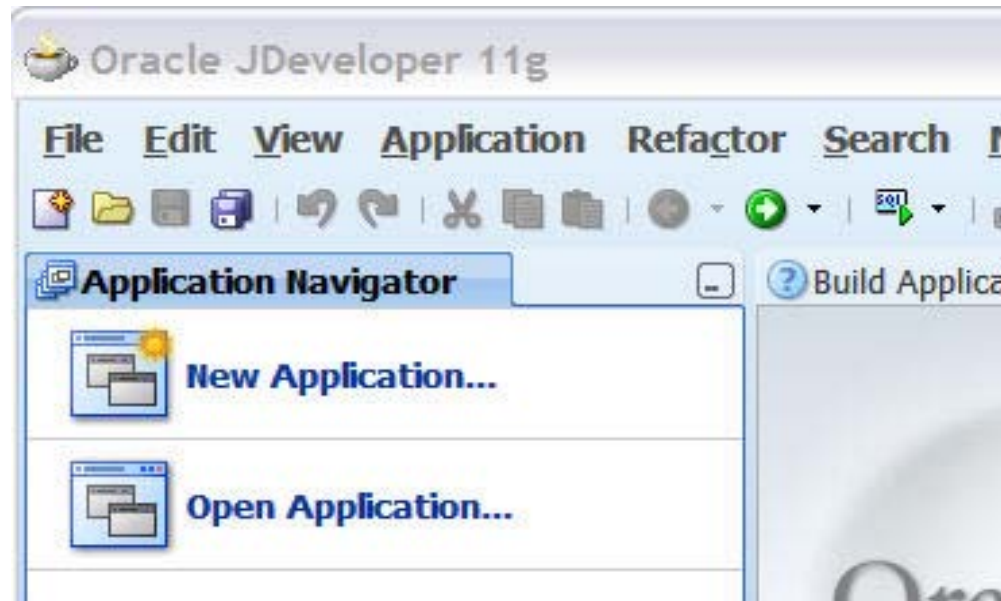
JDeveloper Preferences

- JDeveloper is customizable; preferences may be viewed/modified using Tools->Preferences



New Application

- To create a new application use the JDeveloper menu's File->New->General->Applications option



New Gallery

Create Fusion Web Application (ADF) - Step 1 of 5

Name your application

Application Name:
MyADFApplication

Directory:
C:\jdevinstance\mywork\MyADFApplication Browse...

Application Package Prefix:
myadf

Application Template:

- ☐ **Generic Application**
Creates an application which includes a single project. The project is not preconfigured with JDeveloper technologies, but can be customized to include any technologies.
- ☒ **Fusion Web Application (ADF)**
Creates a databound ADF web application. The application consists of one project for the view and controller components (ADF Faces and ADF Task Flows), and another project for the data model (ADF Business Components).
- ☐ **Java Desktop Application**
Creates an application configured for building a generic Java application. The new application will include a project that is preconfigured to use Java, Swing, and JavaBeans technologies.
- ☐ **Java Desktop Application (ADF)**
Creates a databound rich client application. The application consists of one project for the client (ADF Swing), and another project for the ADF Model (ADF Business Components).
- ☐ **Java EE Web Application**
Creates a databound web application. The application consists of one project for the view and

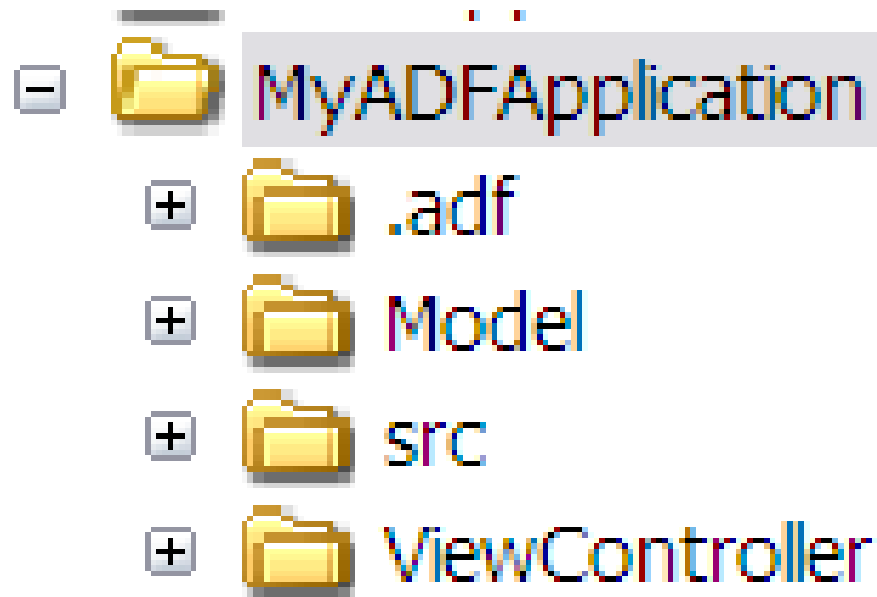
Help < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Application Structure

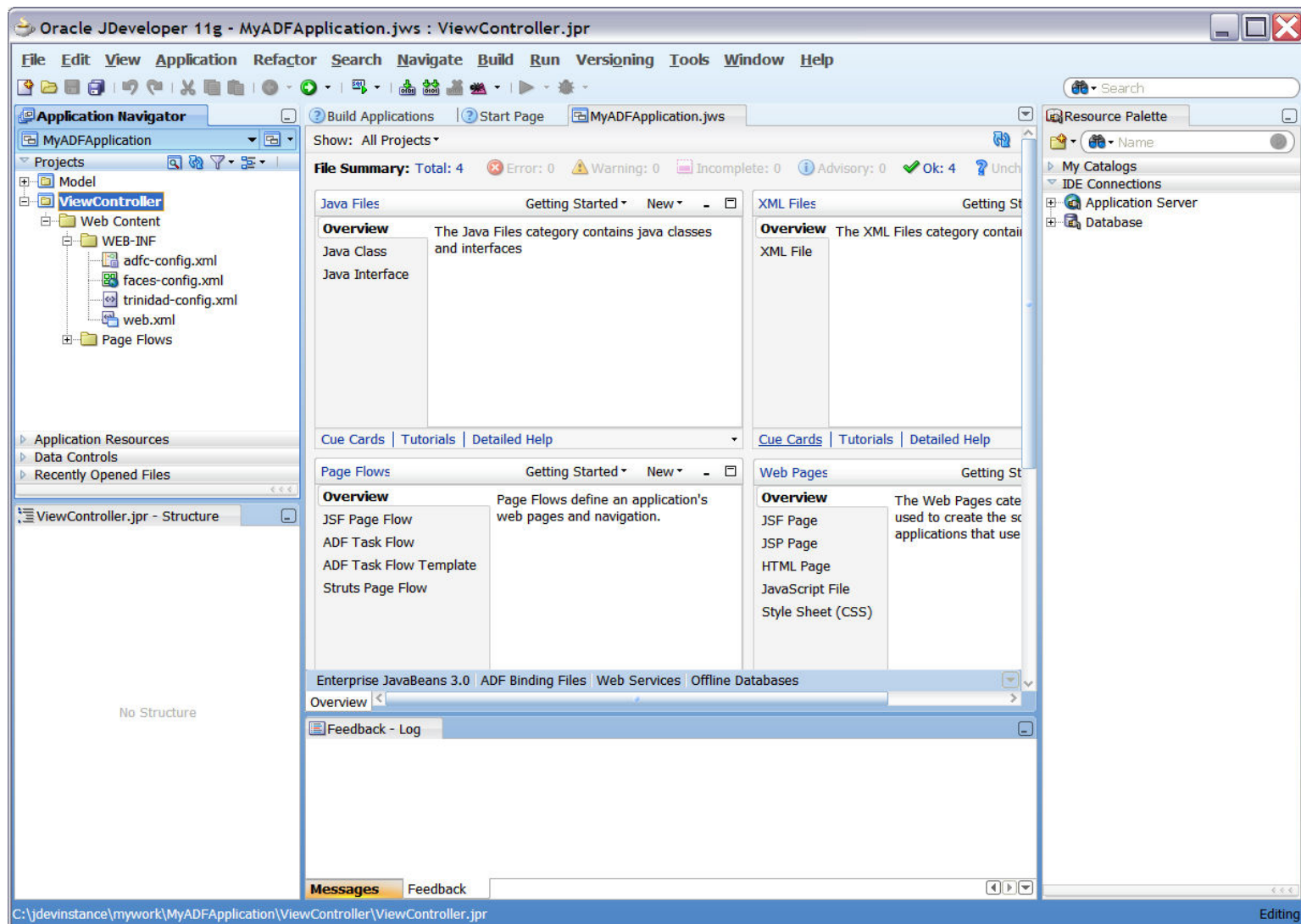
- When a JDeveloper ADF Web Application is created ADF uses the MVC (Model-View Controller) pattern
- JDeveloper creates two subordinate projects
 - Model Data and Business Rules
 - ViewController User Interface
 - ADF provides the “Controller”

File Structure

- Review the directory structure created to support the application and the associated projects



How It Looks In JDeveloper



Create ADF BC Objects

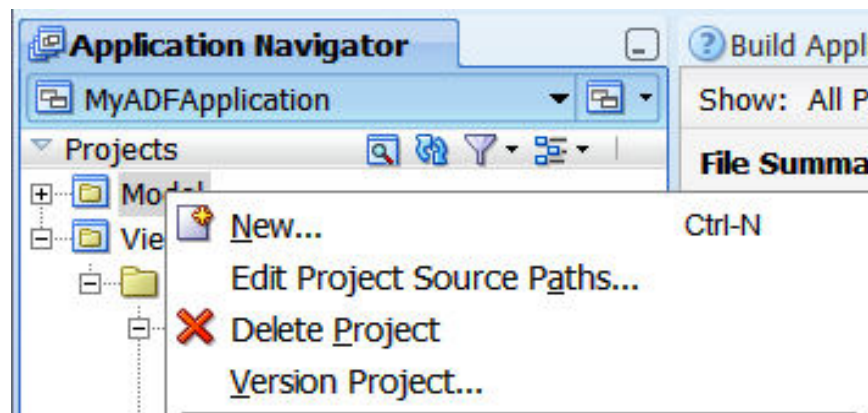
- The following pages show how to create ADF BC objects using the Wizards provided by JDeveloper
- Each object created may be created individually using JDeveloper's features or by coding them manually rather than using the Wizards
- JDeveloper's database modeling capabilities are shown to good effect by the use of Database Connections and Wizards

Wizard-Based Development

- The “Create Business Objects from Tables” Wizard follows a few simple steps:
 - Create Business Component, select type of Business Component to be built
 - Select Database Connection to be used (may create Database Connection via Wizard)
 - Build Entity Objects using database Tables/Views
 - Build Updateable View Objects (if desired)
 - Build Read-Only View Objects (if desired)
 - Save Application Module

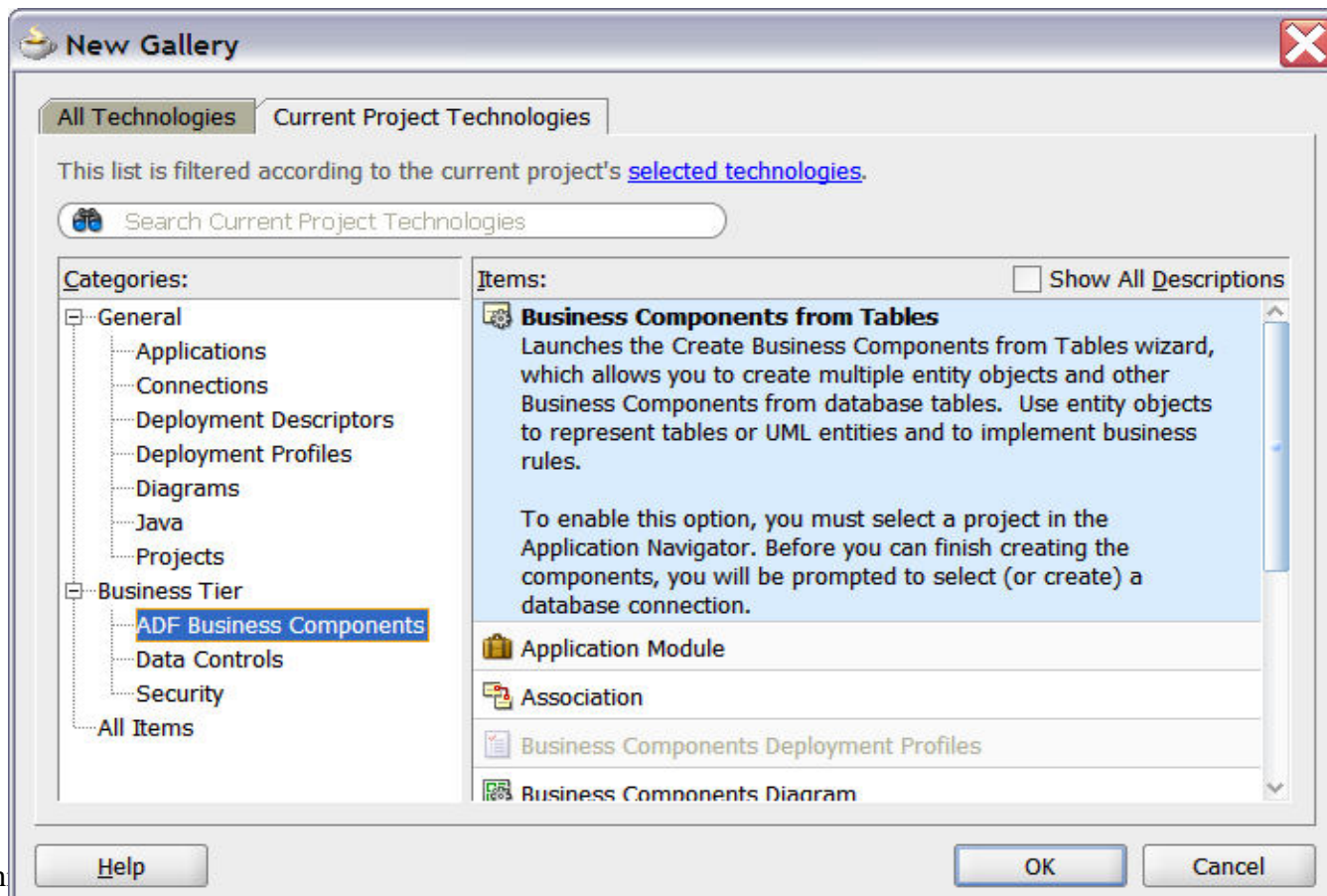
New ADF BC Object: 1

- Start building new components as follows:
- Right-click on the application's "Model" project and choose "New"



New ADF BC Object: 2

- Choose **Business Tier -> ADF Business Components -> Business Components from Tables** from the “New Gallery”






Choosing Database Connection

- Choose an existing Database Connection from the drop-down list or build a new one by clicking the green plus sign (Oracle client and tnsnames not required!)

Initialize Business Components Project

This project has not yet been initialized for Business Components. After specifying the following information for your Business Components Project (jpx file), you will be prompted to create your Business Component(s).

Specify the database connection that lets you create Business Components from existing database objects.

Connection:   

User Name:

Driver:

Connect String:

Choose the proper SQL flavor and type map that fits your application.

SQL Flavor:

Type Map:

Create Database Connection

Create Database Connection

Configure a new database connection and add it to the current application (MyADFApplication).

Create Connection In: ☒ Application Resources ☐ IDE Connections

Connection Name:

Connection Type:

Username: Role:

Password: ☒ Save Password

- Oracle (JDBC) Settings -

☐ Enter Custom JDBC URL

Driver:

Host Name: JDBC Port:

☒ SID:

☐ Service Name:

Create BC from Tables, 1

- Add, verify, or alter package name as desired; verify Schema to be used; modify filter (if desired) using SQL “LIKE” wild cards; click “Query” to view accessible database objects

Create Business Components from Tables - Step 1 of 6

Entity Objects

Specify the package to contain your new entity objects and associations.

Package:

Filter the types of schema objects to display as available, then select the schema object(s) and click '>' to create entity objects.

Schema: Type Filter:

Name Filter: ☐ Auto-Query

Available:

Check the above query parameters, and press "Query" to populate this list.

Selecting "Auto Query" will automatically query for objects.

Your query settings will be remembered for this panel.

Selected:

Entity Name:

Create BC from Tables, 2

- Choose the tables and/or views to be part of the Entity Object and move them to the “Selected” side of the wizard

Create Business Components from Tables - Step 1 of 6

Entity Objects

Specify the package to contain your new entity objects and associations.

Package:

Filter the types of schema objects to display as available, then select the schema object(s) and click '>' to create entity objects.

Schema: Type Filter:

Name Filter: ☐ Auto-Query

Available:

<input type="checkbox"/>	BONUS
<input type="checkbox"/>	DUMMY
<input type="checkbox"/>	SALGRADE

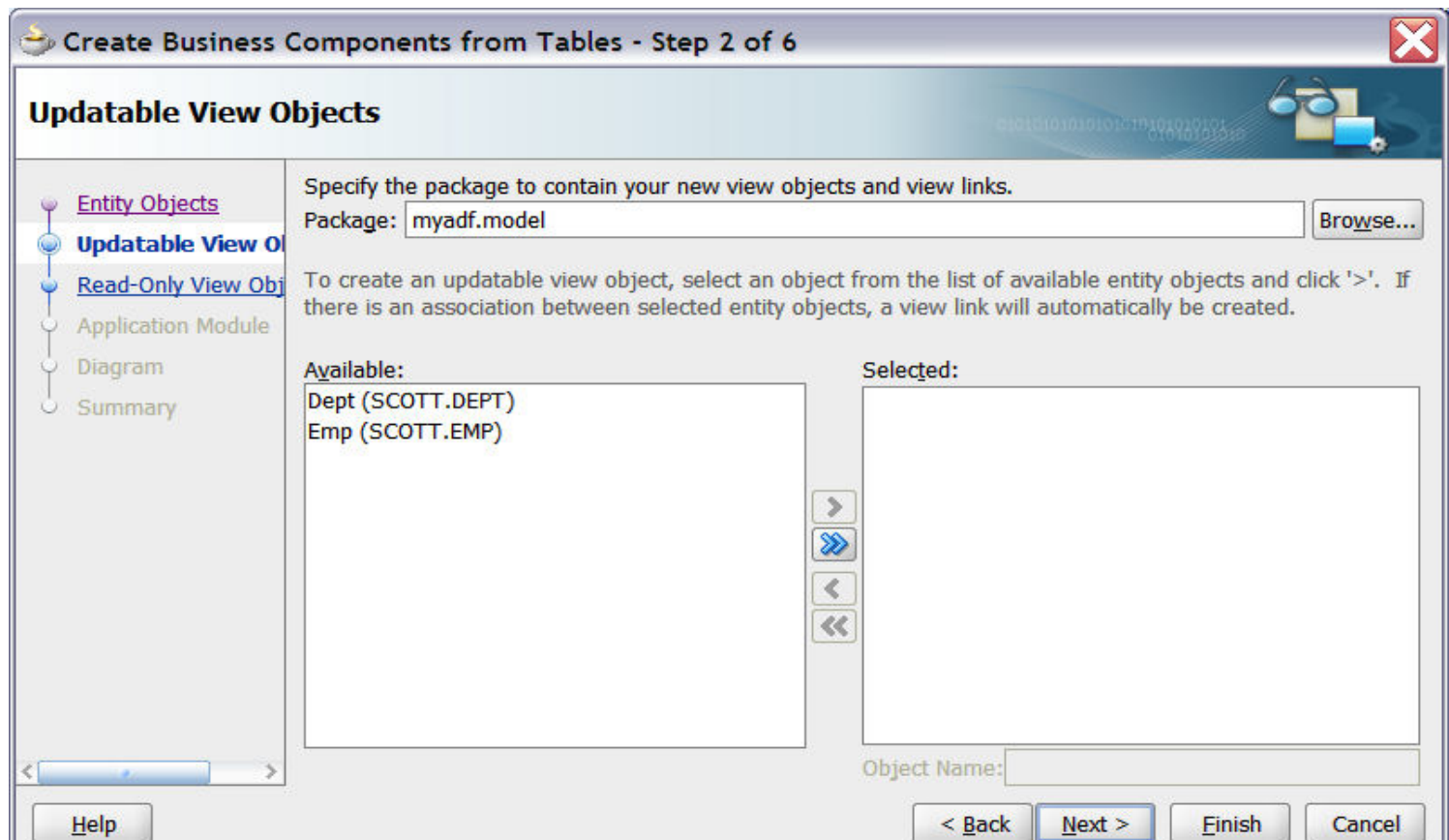
Selected:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DEPT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMP

Entity Name:

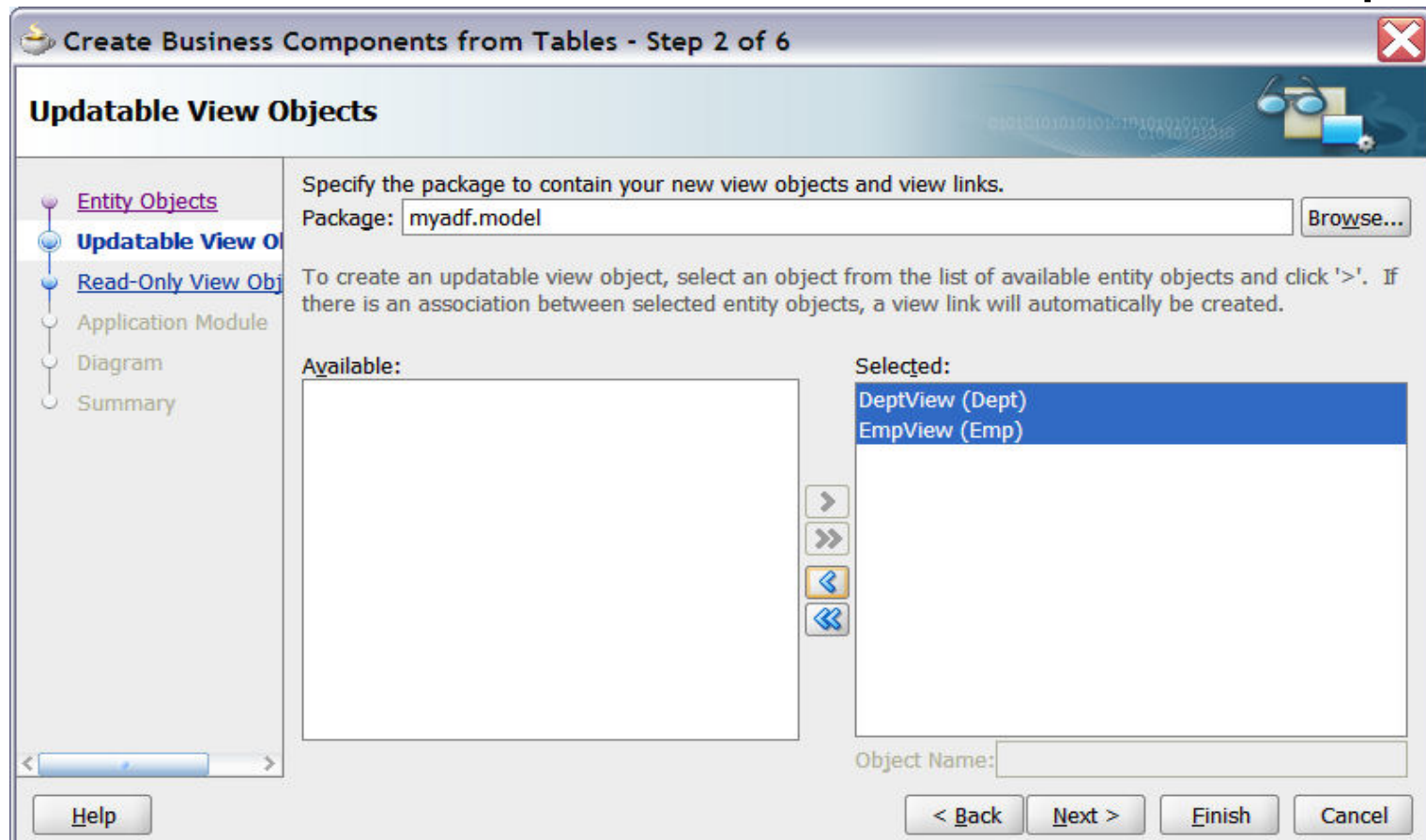
Create BC from Tables, 3

- After creating Entity Objects; the wizard offers to create Updateable View Objects -- View Objects represent the output of SQL (used to query, filter, join, modify, or sequence data)



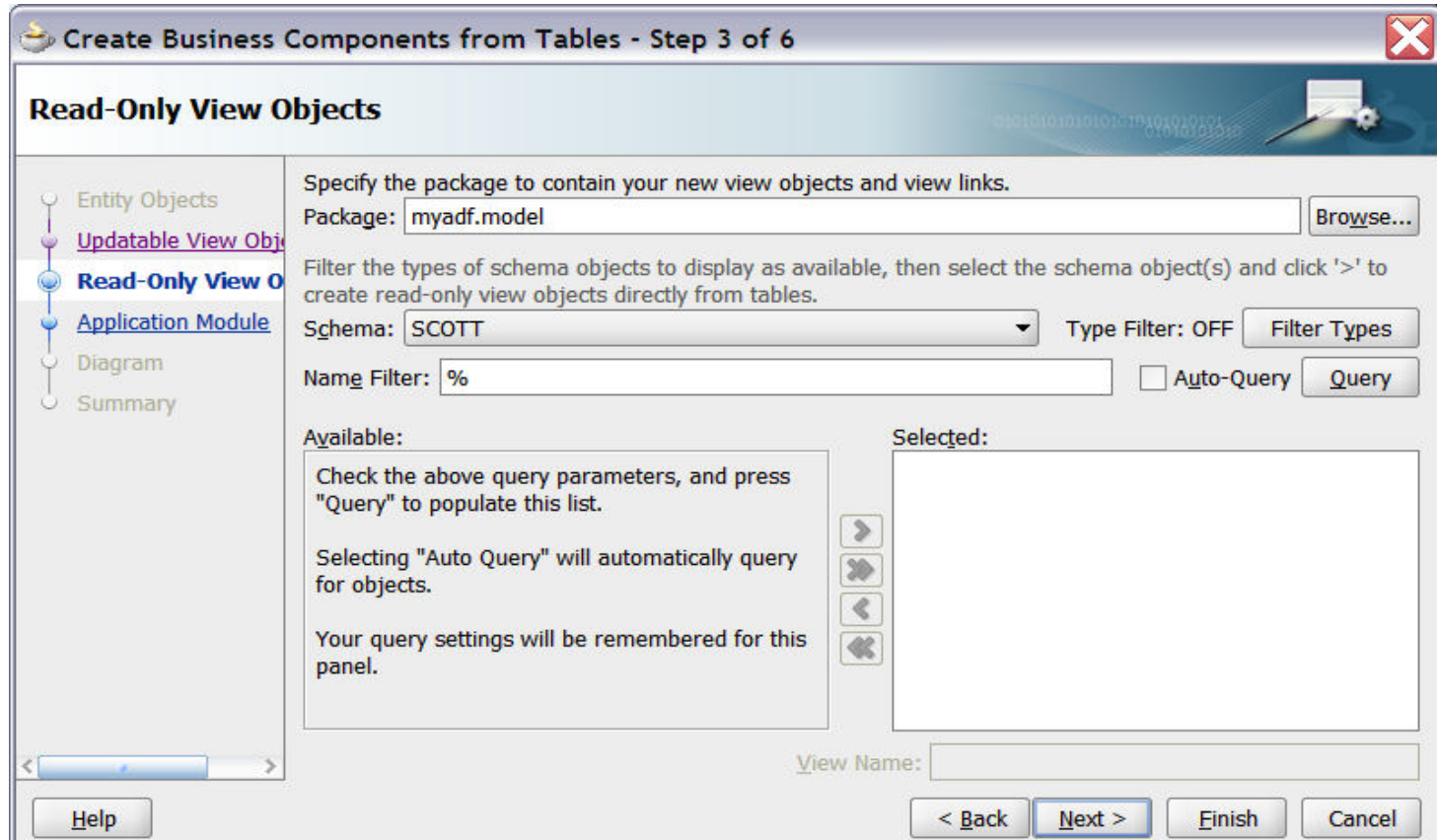
Create BC from Tables, 4

- Select Entity Objects to be used by the view being created; move them to the “Selected” side of panel



Create BC from Tables, 5

- After creating Updateable View Objects; the wizard goes on to create Read-Only View Objects (might be useful to support an LOV (List-of-Values))



Create BC from Tables, 6

- Name the Application Module and click Finish

Create Business Components from Tables - Step 4 of 6

Application Module

Select the checkbox to add instances of the default data model components the specified application module. If the specified application module does not exist it will be created.

☒ Application Module

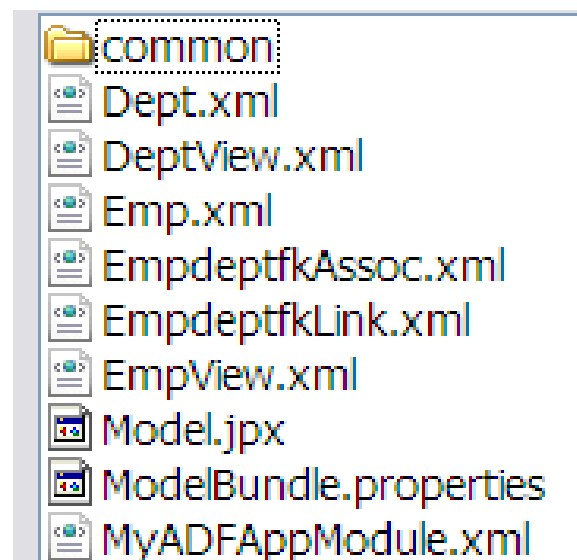
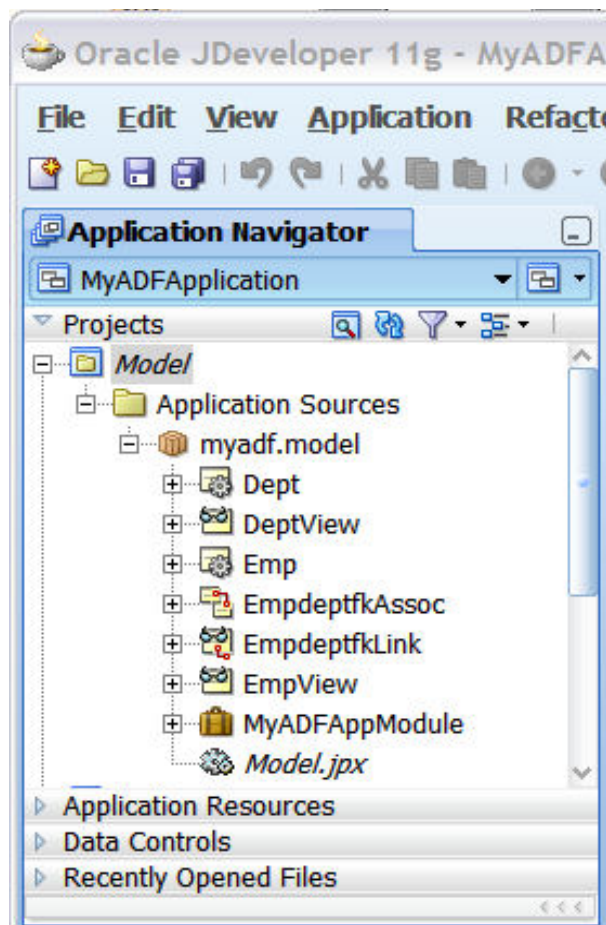
Package: myadf.model Browse...

Name: MyADFAppModule Browse...

Help < Back Next > Finish Cancel

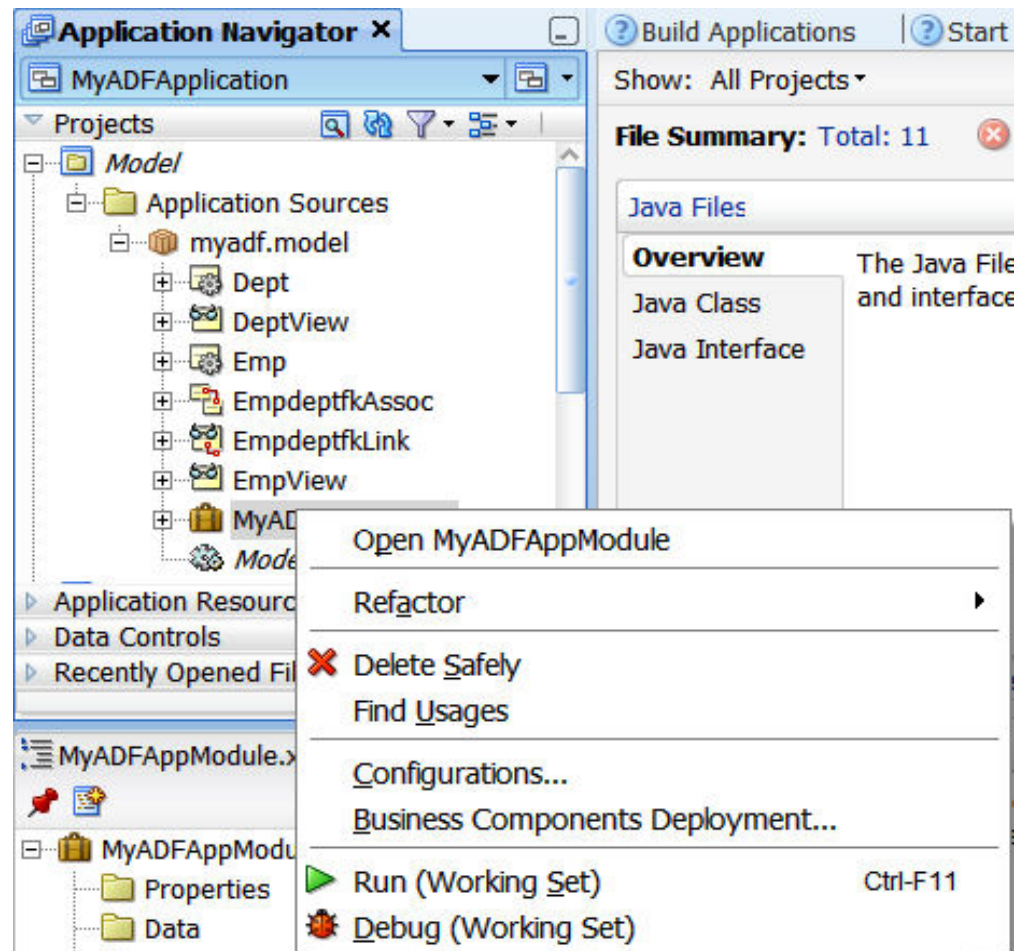
Business Component Files

- Note the use of XML to declaratively support ADF BC



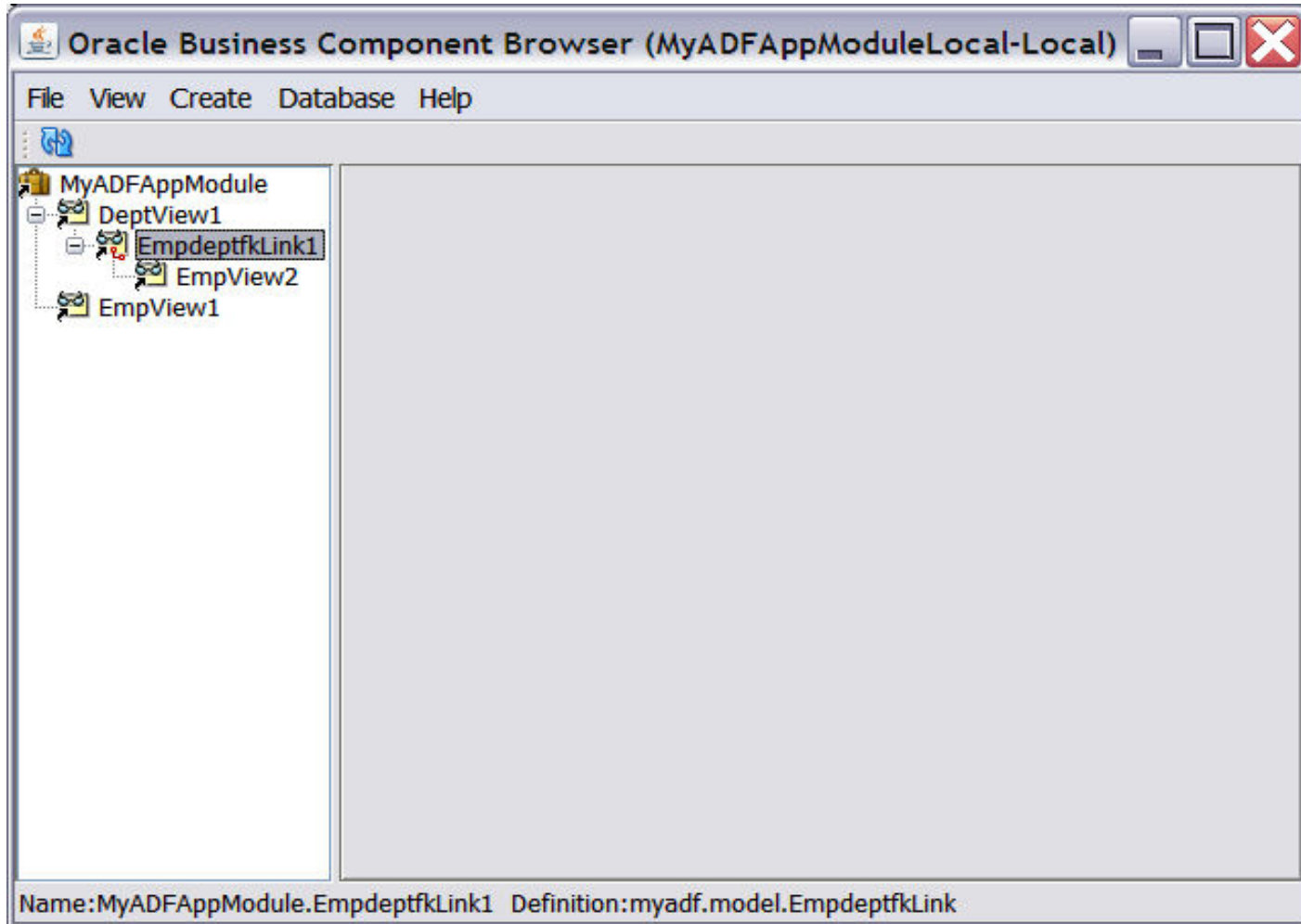
Business Component Browser

- JDeveloper provides a tool to “browse” ADF BC Application Module objects graphically; using the Application Navigator, find the Application Module to be viewed; right-click and choose “Run” to start



Component Browser Choices

- Choose the Business Component to be tested



Component Browser – Display, 1

- Oracle's Business Component Browser displays data from the underlying database objects (screen should look familiar to Oracle Forms users)
- If referential keys are defined in the database (Primary Keys and Foreign Keys) the ADF BC Wizard automatically arranges the tables into a Master-Detail relationship

Component Browser – Display, 2

Oracle Business Component Browser (MyADFAppModuleLocal-Local)

File View Create Database Help

MyADFAppModule

- DeptView1
 - EmpdeptfkLink1**
 - EmpView2
 - EmpView1

EmpdeptfkLink1

Deptno: 10
Dname: ACCOUNTING
Loc: NEW YORK

Empno	Ename	Job	Mgr	Hired...	Sal	Comm	Deptno
7782	CLARK	MANAG...	7839	1981-0...	2450		10
7839	KING	PRESID...		1981-1...	5000		10
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	1982-0...	1300		10

Name: MyADFAppModule.EmpdeptfkLink1 Definition: myadf.model.EmpdeptfkLink

Searching Data

- Use the “Specify View Criteria” (Binocular) icon to Search



Oracle Business Component Browser (MyADFAppModuleLocal-Local)

File View Create Database Help

MyADFAppModule

- DeptView1
 - EmpdeptfkLink1
 - EmpView2
 - EmpView1

EmpdeptfkLink1

Specify View Criteria

Deptno 20
Dname RESEARCH
Loc DALLAS

Empno	Ename	Job	Mgr	Hired...	Sal	Comm	Deptno
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-1...	800		20
7566	JONES	MANAG...	7839	1981-0...	2975		20
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-1...	3000		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-0...	1100		20
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-1...	3000		20

Name: MyADFAppModule.EmpdeptfkLink1 Definition: myadf.model.EmpdeptfkLink

Search View Criteria

- Enter Search criteria and click “Find”

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Business Component View Criteria" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog has a subtitle "Select predefined criteria, or define ad hoc criteria".

Predefined criteria:

Available: [Empty list box] Selected: [Empty list box]

Between the two list boxes are four arrow buttons: a single right arrow (>), a double right arrow (>>), a single left arrow (<), and a double left arrow (<<).

Ad hoc criteria:

Criteria

Enter an operator followed by a value:

Deptno: [Text box]
Dname: [Text box]
Loc: [Text box containing "DALLAS"]
EmpView: [Text box]

At the bottom of the dialog are five buttons: Find, OR>>, Remove, Remove All, Cancel, and Help.

Search Results

Oracle Business Component Browser (MyADFAppModuleLocal-Local)

File View Create Database Help

MyADFAppModule

- DeptView1
 - EmpdeptfkLink1
 - EmpView2
- EmpView1

EmpdeptfkLink1

Deptno: 20
Dname: RESEARCH
Loc: DALLAS

Empno	Ename	Job	Mgr	Hired...	Sal	Comm	Deptno
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-1...	800		20
7566	JONES	MANAG...	7839	1981-0...	2975		20
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-1...	3000		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-0...	1100		20
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-1...	3000		20

Name: MyADFAppModule.EmpdeptfkLink1 Definition: myadf.model.EmpdeptfkLink

Browsing Database Objects

- JDeveloper's Database Navigator allows browsing of database objects (parts of Oracle's SQL Developer tool have been incorporated into JDeveloper)

The screenshot shows the JDeveloper IDE interface. On the left, the 'Database Navigator' pane displays a tree of database objects. Under the 'Tables' folder, the 'EMP' table is selected. The table's columns are listed: EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, and DEPTNO. On the right, the 'Table Editor' pane shows the detailed structure of the 'EMP' table, including column names, data types, nullability, and default values.

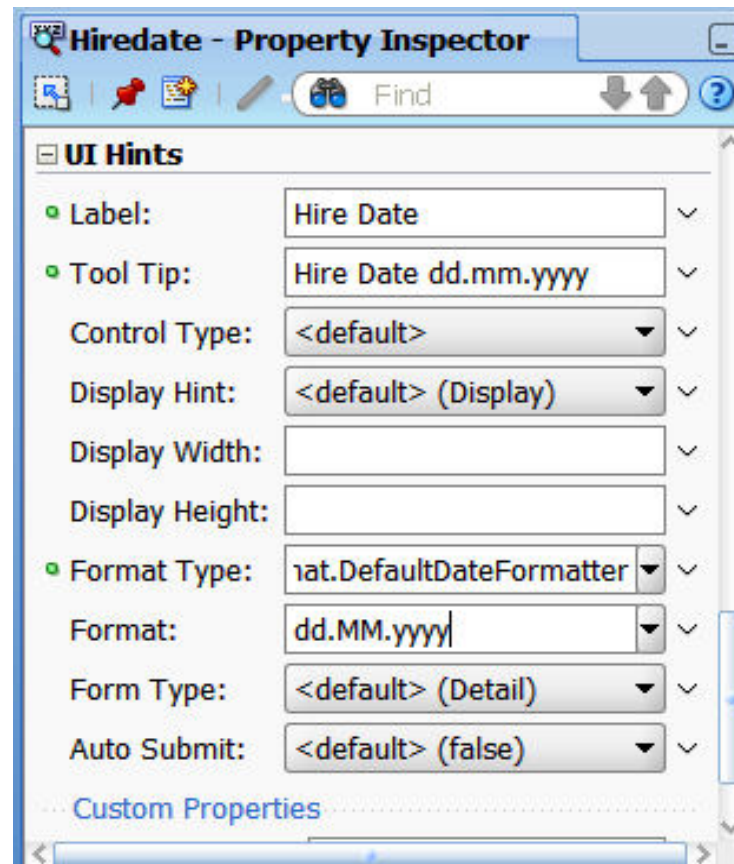
Column Name	Data Type	Nullable	Data Default
EMPNO	NUMBER(4,0)	No	(null)
ENAME	VARCHAR2(10 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
JOB	VARCHAR2(9 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
MGR	NUMBER(4,0)	Yes	(null)
HIREDATE	DATE	Yes	(null)
SAL	NUMBER(7,2)	Yes	(null)
COMM	NUMBER(7,2)	Yes	(null)
DEPTNO	NUMBER(2,0)	Yes	(null)

Modification of Application

- Once the initial Business Components are created in the application, it might be useful to:
 - Set default values
 - Define formatting
 - Validate data

Object Properties

- Like Oracle Forms (and other 4GLs) properties are listed



Properties in XML Files

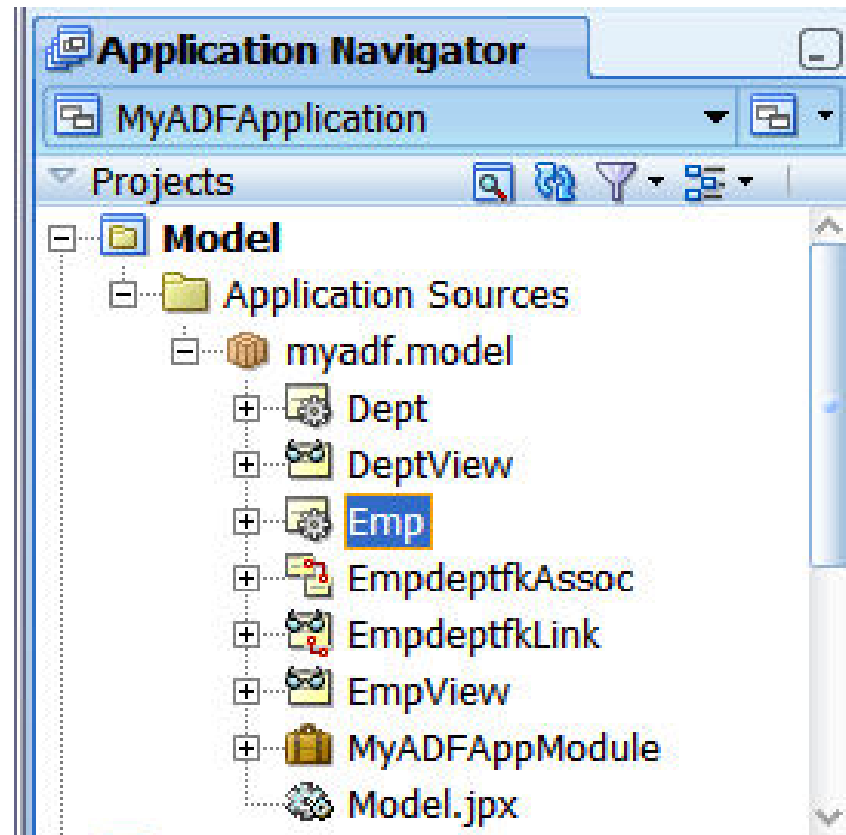
- ADF uses XML files to store declared definitions

```

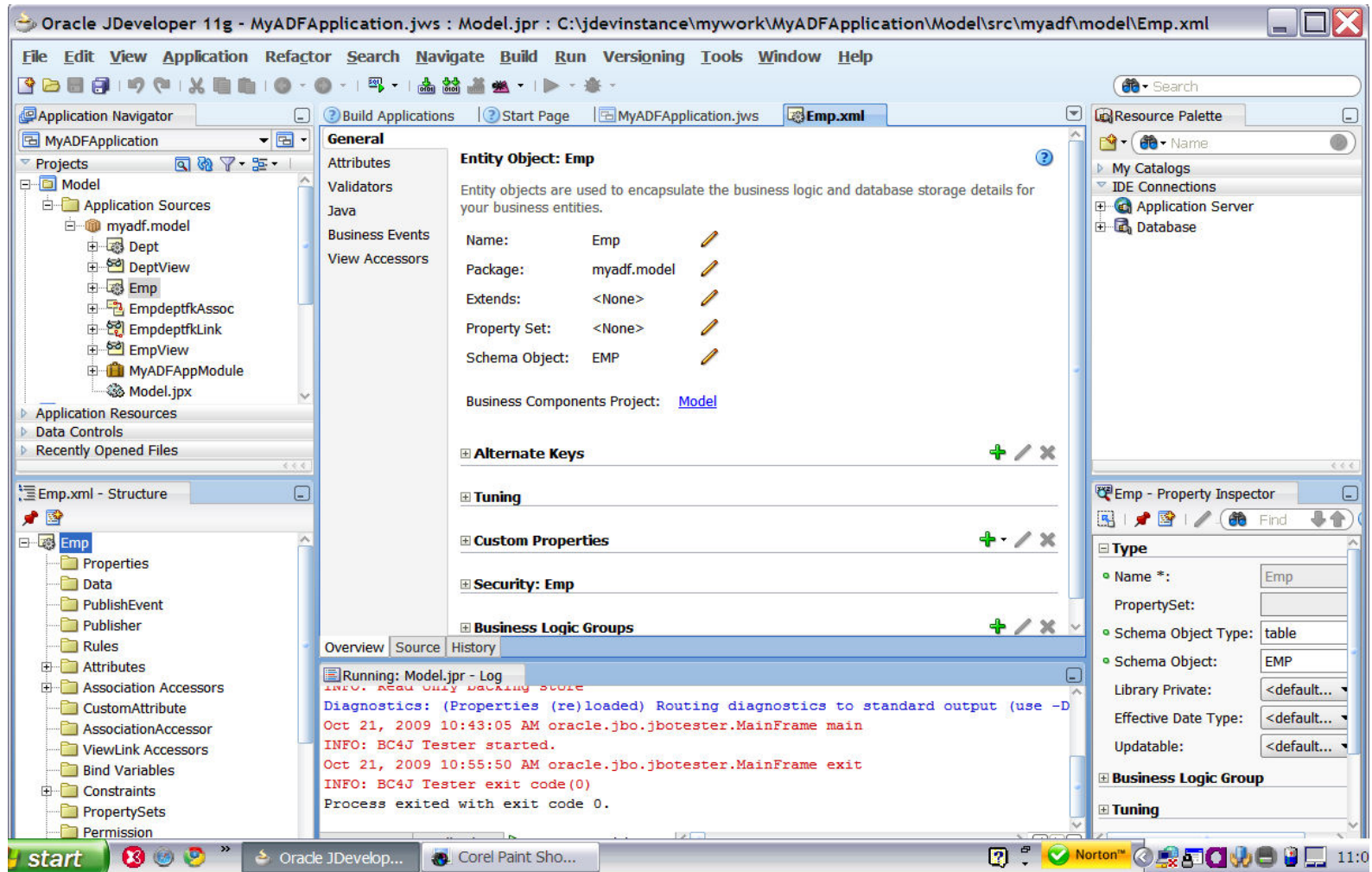
70 <Attribute
71   Name="Hiredate"
72   ColumnName="HIREDATE"
73   SQLType="TIMESTAMP"
74   Type="oracle.jbo.domain.Date"
75   ColumnType="DATE"
76   TableName="EMP">
77   <TransientExpression><![CDATA[adf.currentDate]]></TransientExpression>
78   <DesignTime>
79     <Attr Name="_DisplaySize" Value="7"/>
80   </DesignTime>
81   <Properties>
82     <SchemaBasedProperties>
83       <LABEL
84         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_LABEL"/>
85       <TOOLTIP
86         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_TOOLTIP"/>
87       <FMT_FORMATTER
88         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMATTER"/>
89       <FMT_FORMAT
90         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMAT"/>
91     </SchemaBasedProperties>
92   </Properties>
93 </Attribute>
94 <Attribute
95   Name="Sal"
  
```

Modify Appearance and Formatting

- Use JDeveloper to modify appearance of database column values by double-clicking an Entity Object



Entity Object Edit Panel






Entity Object Attributes


Build Applications | Start Page | MyADFApplication.jws | **Emp.xml**





General
Attributes
Validators
Java
Business Events
View Accessors


Attributes + ✎ ✖ Add from Table... Override ?


Entity attributes can be based upon columns in the schema object or can be based upon transient values.


  

Name	Type	Column	Column Type	Extends
 Empno	Number	EMPNO	NUMBER(4, 0)	
Ename	String	ENAME	VARCHAR2(10)	
Job	String	JOB	VARCHAR2(9)	
Mgr	Number	MGR	NUMBER(4, 0)	
Hiredate	Date	HIREDATE	DATE	
Sal	Number	SAL	NUMBER(7, 2)	
Comm	Number	COMM	NUMBER(7, 2)	
Deptno	Number	DEPTNO	NUMBER(2, 0)	

 Validation Rules: Empno + ✎ ✖

 Custom Properties: Empno + ✎ ✖

 Security: Empno

Overview | Source | History

Entity Object Validators

The screenshot shows the Oracle ADF IDE interface. The top toolbar includes buttons for 'Build Applications', 'Start Page', 'MyADFApplication.jws', and 'Emp.xml'. The left sidebar contains a tree view with the following items: 'General', 'Attributes', 'Validators' (selected), 'Java', 'Business Events', and 'View Accessors'. The main workspace is titled 'Validators' and contains the following text: 'Select the entity object or one of its attributes and click the New button to apply a new validation rule.' Below this text is a tree view for the 'Emp' entity. The tree view shows a folder 'Attributes' containing the following attributes: 'Empno', 'Ename', 'Job', 'Mgr', 'Hireddate', 'Sal', 'Comm', and 'Deptno'. Each attribute has a small icon next to it. Below the 'Attributes' folder is an 'Entity' folder. The bottom of the IDE shows a tab bar with 'Overview', 'Source', and 'History'.

Validations and Business Logic

- Validations and Business Logic may be added including:
 - Client-side validation
 - Format masks
 - Default Values
 - Declarative Range (and other) Validation
 - CSS (Visual Attributes)
 - List of Values
 - Calculated field
 - Code Validation
 - Extensible for complex application validation
 - Transactional Triggers

ADF BC Attributes

- To view/modify properties for an attribute; highlight the attribute on the Attributes panel and use the Property Palette or one of the property accordions

The screenshot shows the 'Attributes' panel in an ADF BC application. The left sidebar contains a tree view with 'Attributes' selected. The main area displays a table of attributes. The 'Sal' attribute is highlighted in blue. Below the table are three accordions: 'Validation Rules: Sal', 'Custom Properties: Sal', and 'Security: Sal'.

Name	Type	Column	Column Type	Extends
Empno	Number	EMPNO	NUMBER(4, 0)	
Ename	String	ENAME	VARCHAR2(10)	
Job	String	JOB	VARCHAR2(9)	
Mgr	Number	MGR	NUMBER(4, 0)	
Hiredate	Date	HIREDATE	DATE	
Sal	Number	SAL	NUMBER(7, 2)	
Comm	Number	COMM	NUMBER(7, 2)	
Deptno	Number	DEPTNO	NUMBER(2, 0)	

Below the table, there are three accordions:

- Validation Rules: Sal
- Custom Properties: Sal
- Security: Sal

Validation Rules

Sal	Number	SAL	NUMBER(7, 2)
Comm	Number	COMM	NUMBER(7, 2)
Deptno	Number	DEPTNO	NUMBER(2, 0)

Validation Rules: Sal + - x

Click the New button to apply a new validation rule.

Validation Rule	Type
Precision : (7,2)	Database Constraints

Custom Properties: Sal + - x

Add Validation Rule for: Sal X

Define the Validation you want to perform with this rule and configure the Validation Failure response.

Rule Type: Range

Rule Definition | Validation Execution | Failure Handling

Attribute: Sal

Operator: Between

Range

Minimum Value: 500

Maximum Value: 6000

Hint: Enter valid values for the selected attribute's type.

Help OK Cancel

Validation Error Messages

Add Validation Rule for: Sal

Define the Validation you want to perform with this rule and configure the Validation Failure response.

Rule Type: Range

Rule Definition | Validation Execution | Failure Handling

Validation Failure Severity ☒ Error ☐ Informational ☐ Warning

Failure Message

Enter text for the translatable validation failure messages.

Message Text:

Salary should be between 500 and 6000

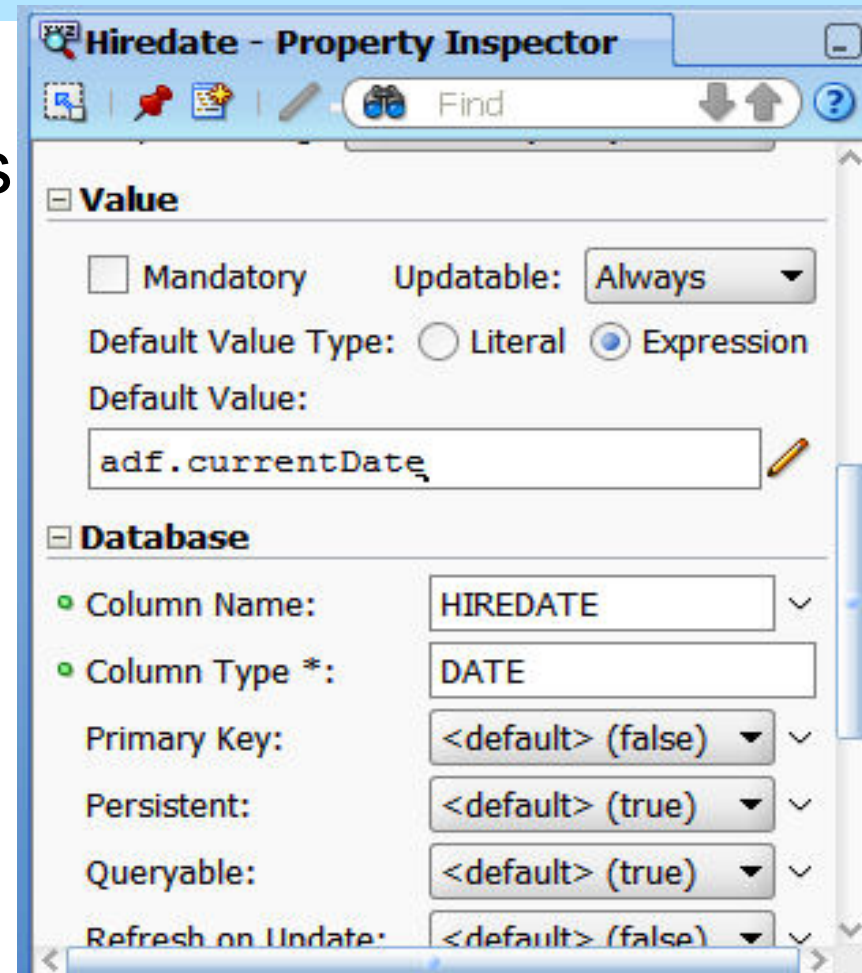
Token Message Expressions:

Message Token	Expression
---------------	------------

Help OK Cancel

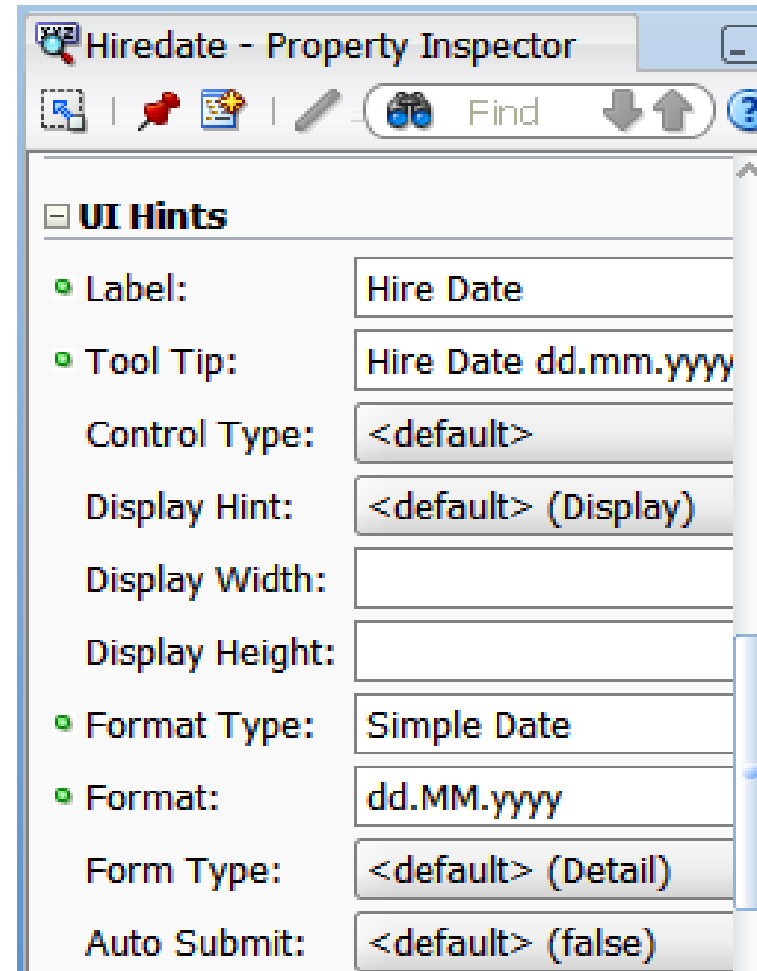
Attribute Defaults

- Using the Property Palette, open the “Value” properties and set the default value (in this case “adf.currentDate” using ADF’s “Groovy” support)



Attribute Formatting

- Use an Attribute's Property Palette “UI Hints” section to control formatting, label, tool tip, etc... (note this formatting uses Java SimpleDateFormat options)



What Does the XML Look Like?

The screenshot shows a code editor window with the following tabs: Build Applications, Start Page, MyADFApplication.jws, and Emp.xml. The code is XML and is displayed with line numbers from 70 to 95. The code defines an attribute named 'Hiredate' with various properties and nested elements. The line containing 'ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMAT"/>' is highlighted in yellow.

```

70 <Attribute
71   Name="Hiredate"
72   ColumnName="HIREDATE"
73   SQLType="TIMESTAMP"
74   Type="oracle.jbo.domain.Date"
75   ColumnType="DATE"
76   TableName="EMP">
77   <TransientExpression><![CDATA[adf.currentDate]]></TransientExpression>
78   <DesignTime>
79     <Attr Name="_DisplaySize" Value="7"/>
80   </DesignTime>
81   <Properties>
82     <SchemaBasedProperties>
83       <LABEL
84         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_LABEL"/>
85       <TOOLTIP
86         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_TOOLTIP"/>
87       <FMT_FORMATTER
88         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMATTER"/>
89       <FMT_FORMAT
90         ResId="myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMAT"/>
91     </SchemaBasedProperties>
92   </Properties>
93 </Attribute>
94 <Attribute
95   Name="Sal"
  
```

At the bottom of the editor, there are tabs for Overview, Source, and History.

Date Mask Properties File

```
ModelBundle.properties
1 #
2 myadf.model.Emp.Sal_Rule_0=Salary should be between 500 and 6000
3 myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_LABEL=Hire Date
4 myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_TOOLTIP=Hire Date dd.mm.yyyy
5 myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMATTER=oracle.jbo.format.DefaultDateFormat
6 myadf.model.Emp.Hiredate_FMT_FORMAT=dd.MM.yyyy
```

Comparison to Oracle Forms

- In Oracle Forms we defined “data blocks” that represented tables and views that would be used in our forms
- ADF BC components do that and more, plus they may be shared by many applications
- In Oracle Forms once the “data block” was created we would then use it to create the presentation
- With ADF we use ADF Faces to accomplish the same thing and more
(again creating components that may be reused by other applications)

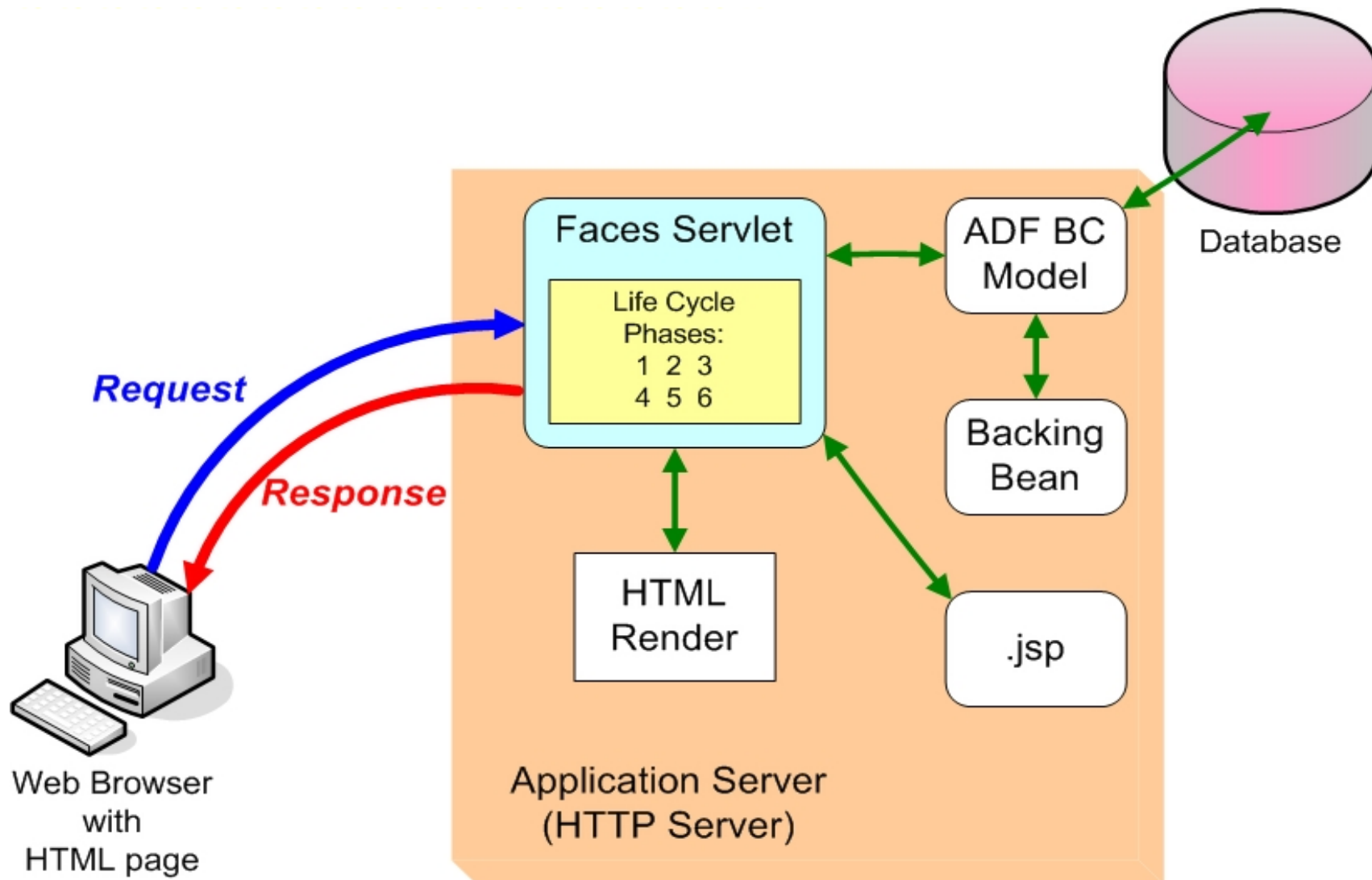
Comparison to Typical 4GLs

- Most 4GLs offer some type of “Data Object” or “Data Access Object” capability
 - Usually include wizard-based development
 - Usually work with relational database; do not usually support procedure-based data
 - Sometimes provide ability to find and link data objects using database dictionary
 - Sometimes provide stand-alone reusable data objects
 - Sometimes linked to GUI development via “drag-and-drop” capability

Creating Web Applications

- Oracle's Business Component Browser is impressive, but hardly a customer-facing interface
- ADF Faces extends the Java Server Faces (JSF) framework using XML tags to describe the UI
- ADF Faces provides a Rich-Client Interface that uses JavaScript and AJAX components; users must have a reasonably up-to-date browser (Internet Explorer 7.0 or higher, Mozilla Firefox 2.0 or higher, Safari 3.0 or higher) to use all of its features
- ADF Faces is designed to make creation of "rich-client" (RC) interfaces full-featured and declarative where possible

Review of Web Processing



HTML, CSS, and Forms

- Even though the ultimate page delivered to the Client Browser is HTML; with JDeveloper's Visual Editor and the combination of ADF Faces and JSF Faces it uses to create .jspx pages there is little need for ADF Developers to code HTML or CSS



- Yield to JDeveloper's declarative mechanism and refrain from coding

ADF Controller

- The ADF Controller extends the standard JSF controller and controls the MVC in ADF
- ADF Controller features include:
 - Sequence of page displays (may be conditional)
 - Allows partial-page processing in the same way as full page processing; only the necessary part of a page is rendered, the rest is unchanged (makes page processing faster)
 - Allows reuse of page parts
 - Provides conditional control of page flow

JSF Life Cycle

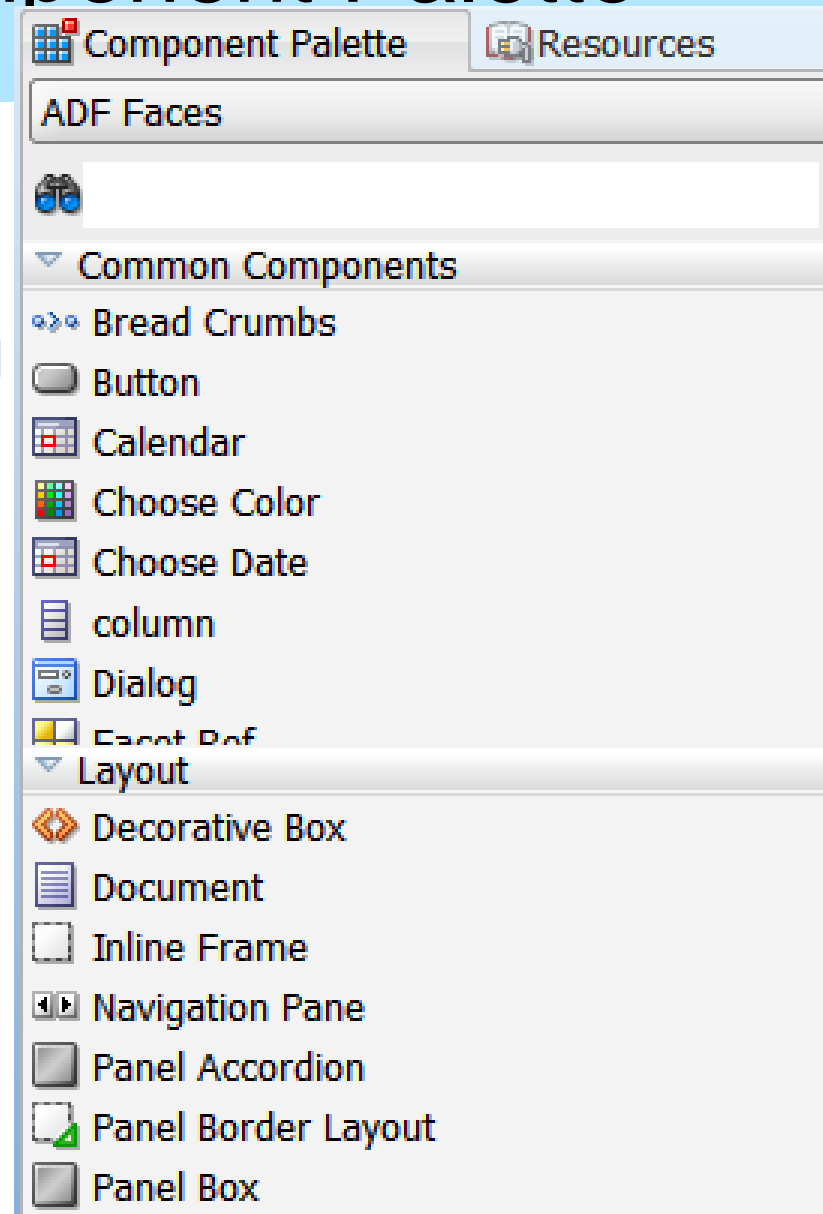
- JSF (and ADF Faces) follows a predictable cycle:
 1. Restore Components
 2. Apply Request Values
 3. Process Validations
 4. Update Model Values
 5. Invoke Application
 6. Render Response
- This Life Cycle is normally transparent; however, it is useful to understand it when debugging

JDeveloper Visual Designer

- JDeveloper's Visual Designer may be used to “paint” a User Interface using the Component Palette
- The JDeveloper Visual Designer is intended to be WYSIWYG (What You See Is What You Get); however the nature of the web and HTML is that it's really WYSIKOWYG (What You See Is Kind-Of What You Get; thank you Peter Koletzke...)

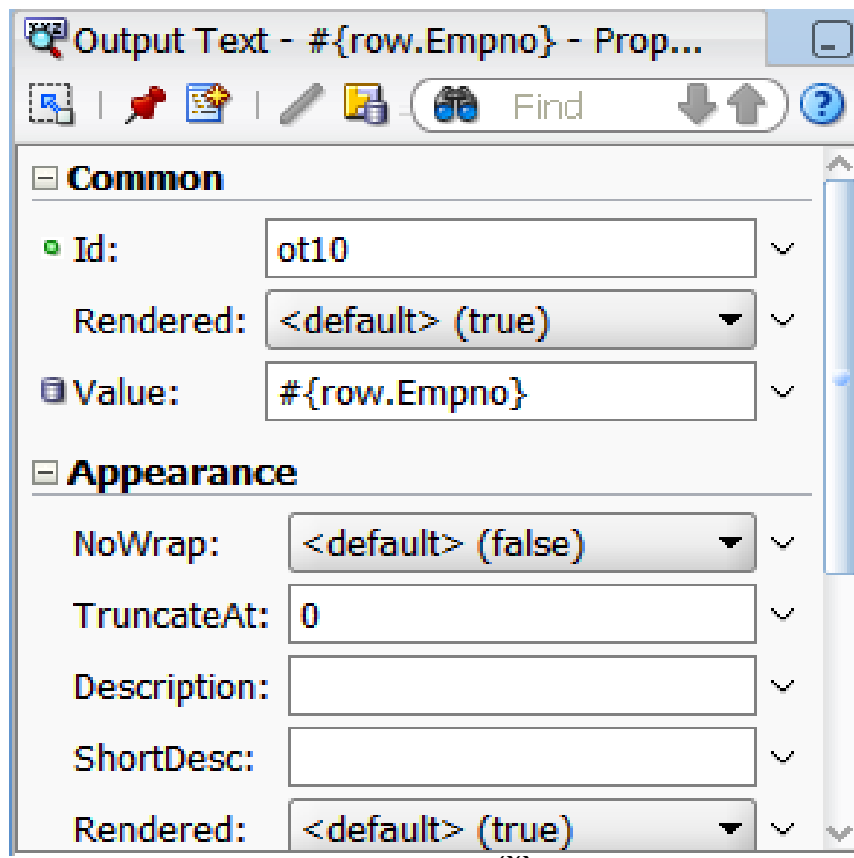
ADF Faces Component Palette

- The ADF Faces Component Palette includes icons representing various User Interface objects
- Drag-and-drop desired components into the position desired



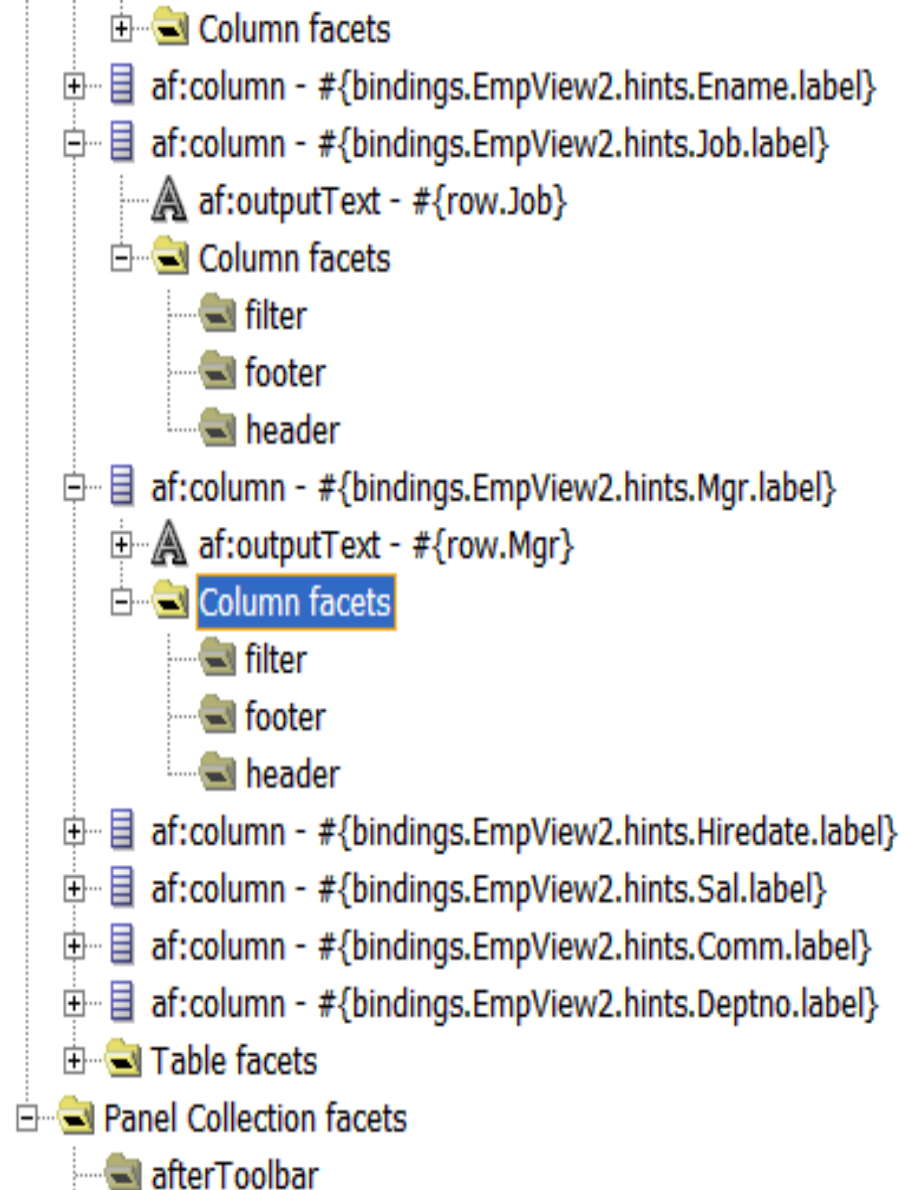
Property Inspector

- When editing Web Pages, the Property Inspector shows properties for the various “facets” and components displayed upon the page



Facets in Structure Window

- “Facets” are components used to contain groups of other components
- JDeveloper’s “Structure” Window lists facets for the current page (Note how the cursor position is synchronized between structure and visual editor)



Panel and Panel Splitter

- Pages in ADF are sometimes divided by Panels; pre-existing templates exist to help create the number of desired Panels
- Each Panel in turn may be divided into smaller areas using a Panel Splitter
 - By default Panel Splitters split an area horizontally
 - Panel Splitters have an “Orientation” property that allow the split to be vertical

Panel Collections, Accordions, Tabbed Panels

- Panel Collections are facets that contain other objects
- Panel Accordions are facets that contain other objects but shrink-and-grow depending upon mouse movement
- Tabbed Panels are facets that allow components to be placed into a tabbed structure

User Interface (UI) Components

- UI Components provided by ADF Faces include:
 - Buttons
 - Calendars
 - Choose Color
 - Forms
 - Input Text
 - Output Text
 - Panel Collection
 - Submit
 - Tables
 - more...

Binding Data

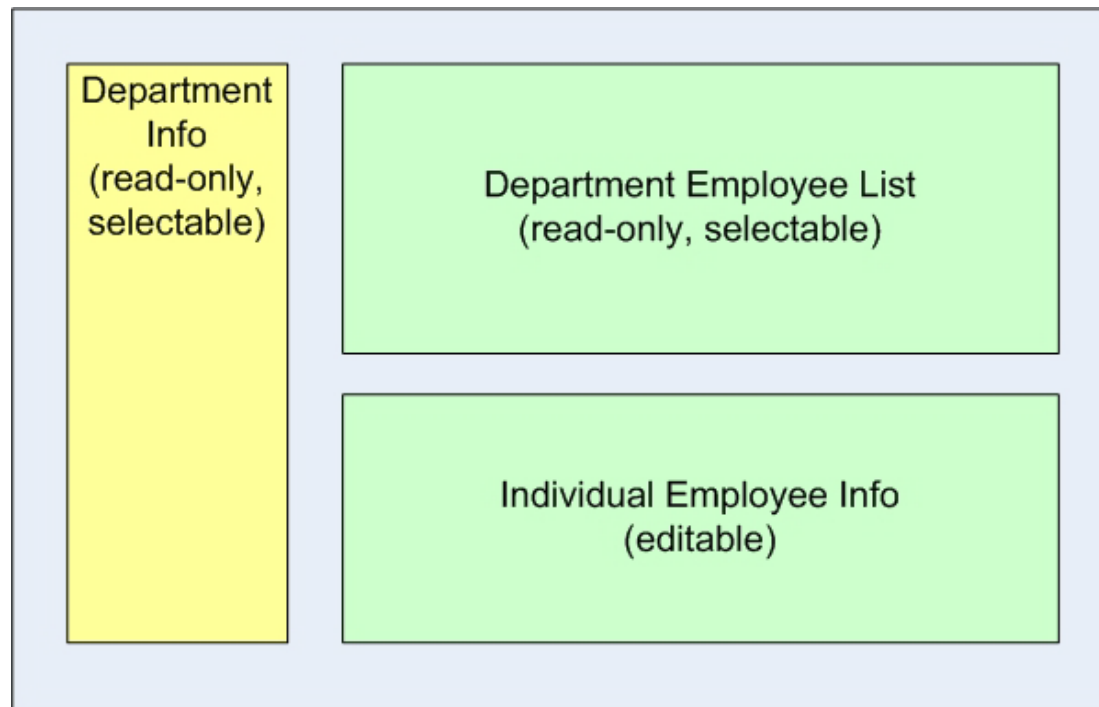
- JDeveloper's interface will allow not only the creation of web components using drag-and-drop processing
- Drag-and-drop may also be used to associate View Objects with UI Components
- This has the effect of “binding” the data to the data control object

Creating ADF/JSF Faces Pages

- The following pages walk through the creation of a simple Web Application using ADF Faces and ADF BC objects as follows:
 1. Design Web Page
 2. Create new JSF Page using JDeveloper
 3. Add Visual Components to JSF Page
 4. Bind Visual Components to ADF BC Objects

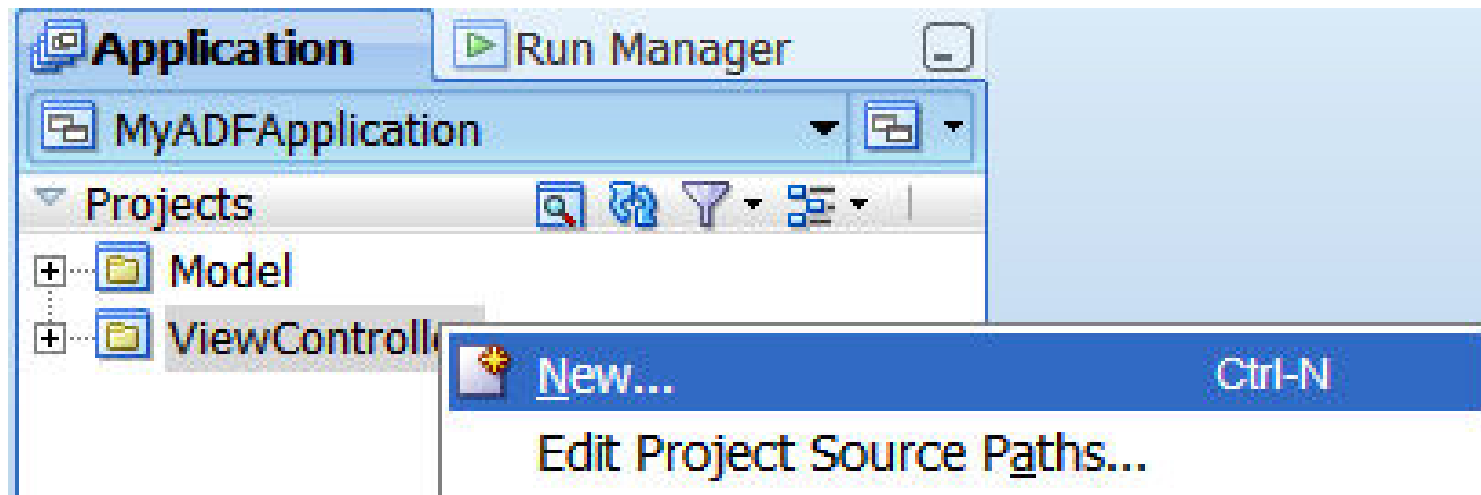
Target Screen Layout

- Rough design: Department info on the left, list of Department Employees (for selected department) in the upper-right, and the information for a single employee on the lower-right (selected from list)

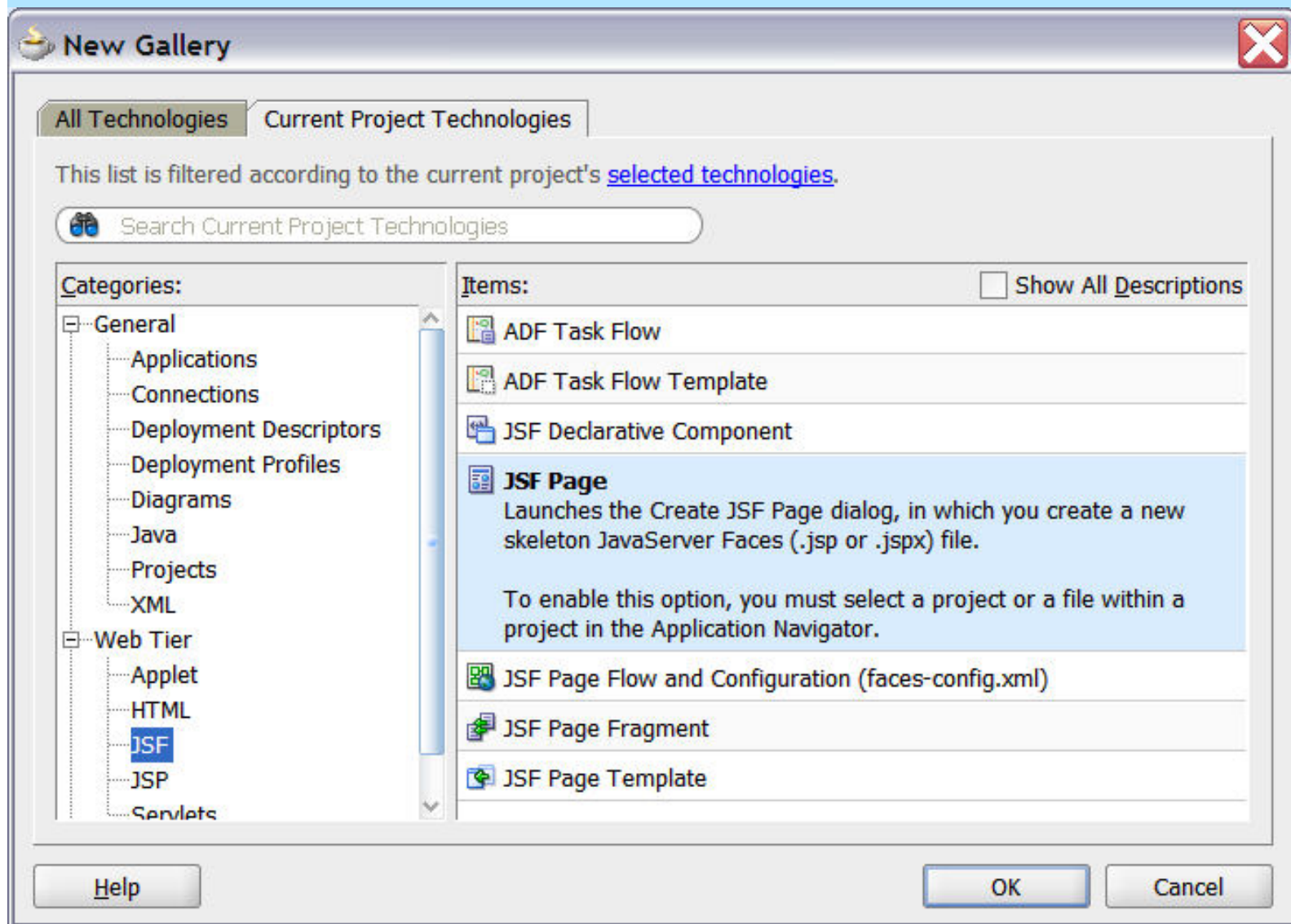


Create ADF Faces Page

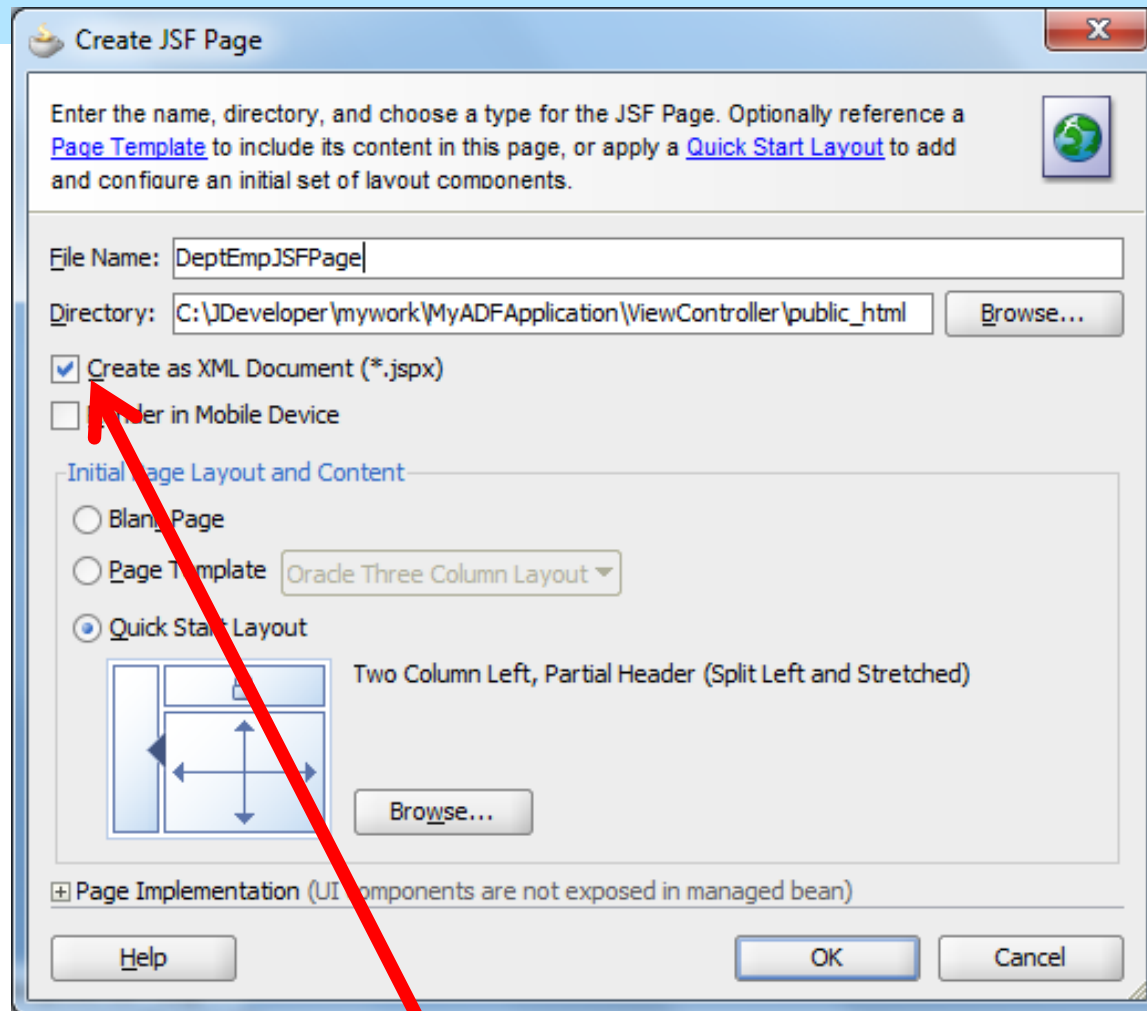
- To create an ADF Faces page, right-click on an Application's ViewController Project and choose “New” to display the “New Gallery” dialog



New Gallery

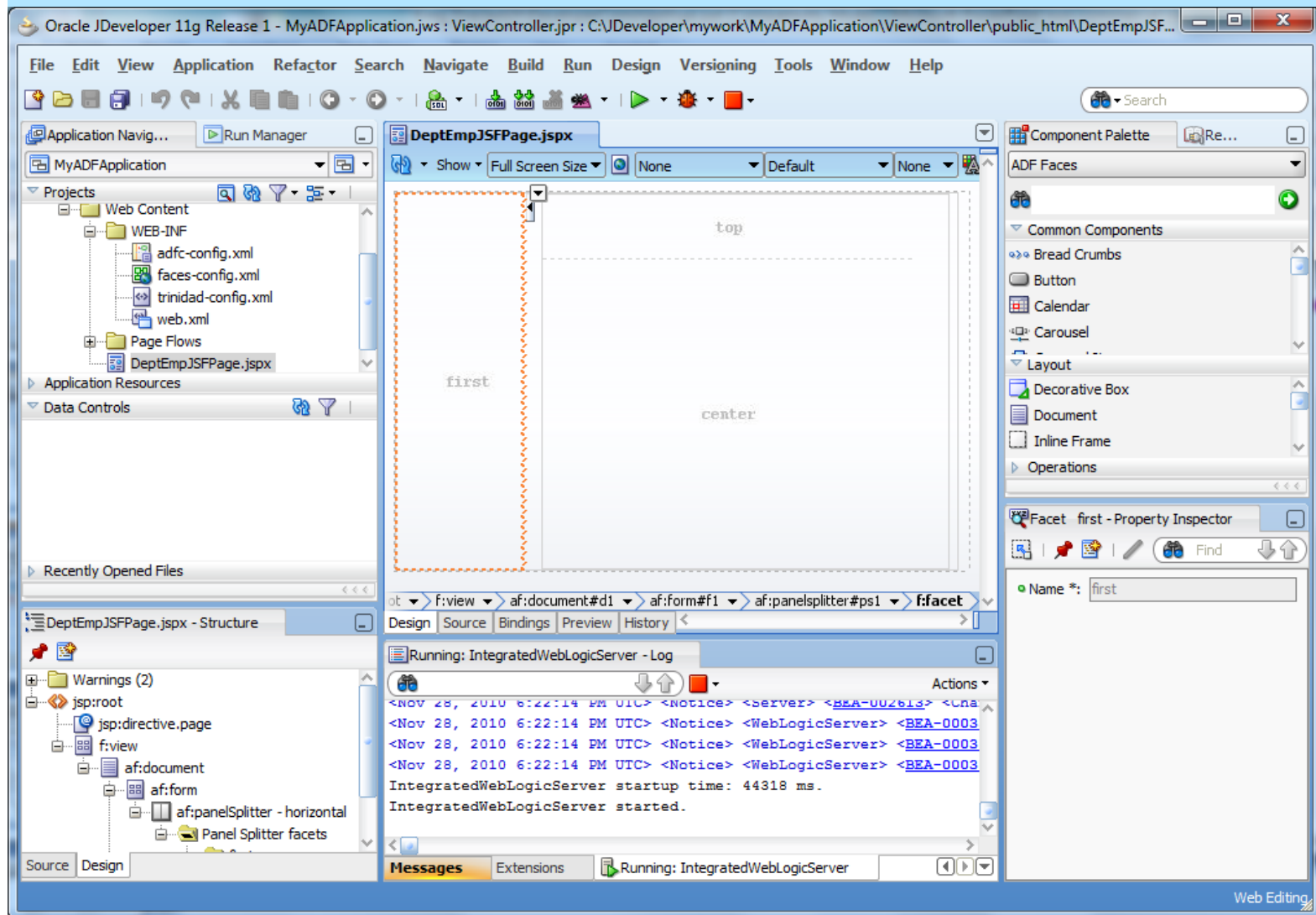


Naming Web Page



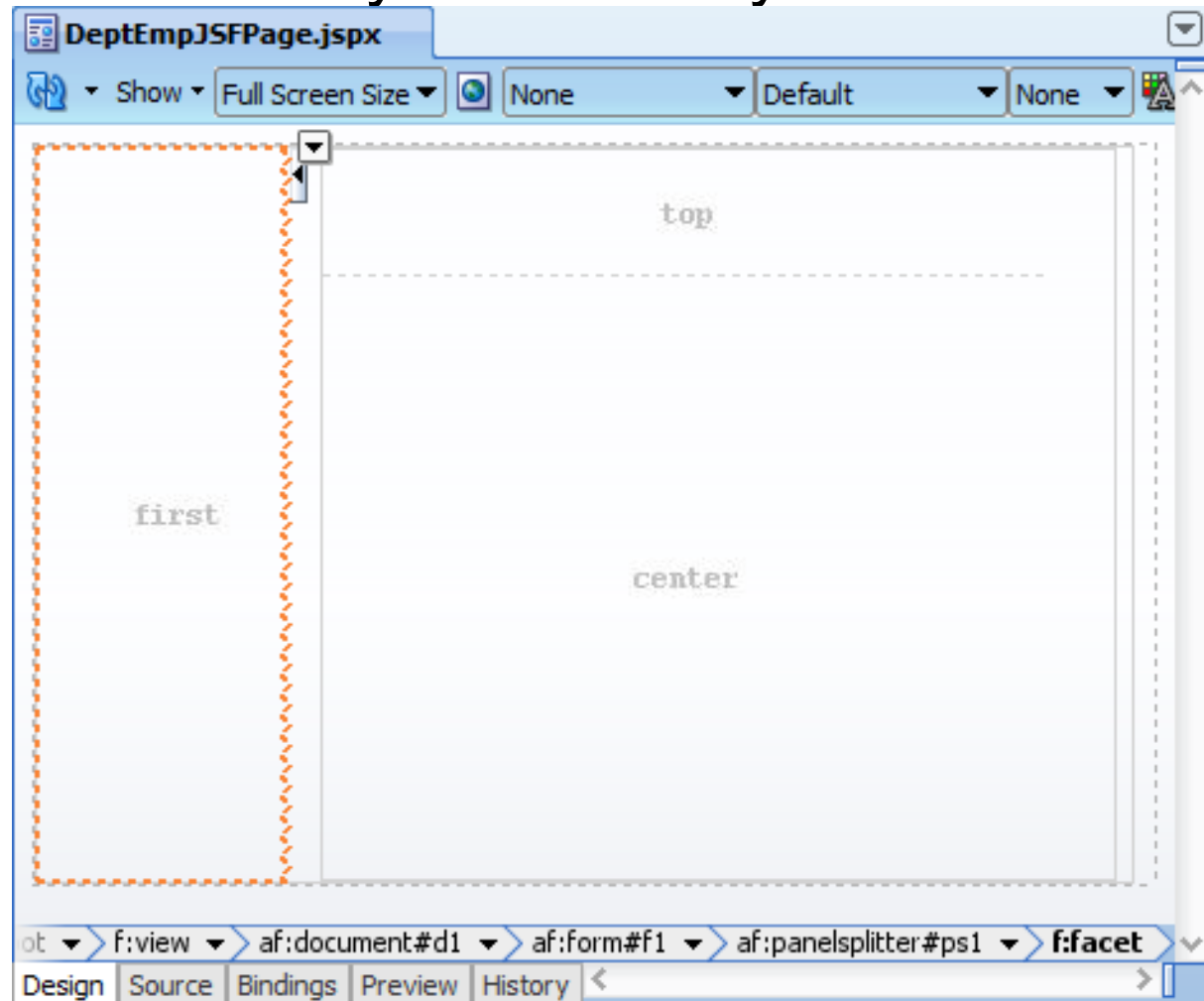
– Note the “Create as XML Document (*.jspx)” box

Visual Display with Initial Screen

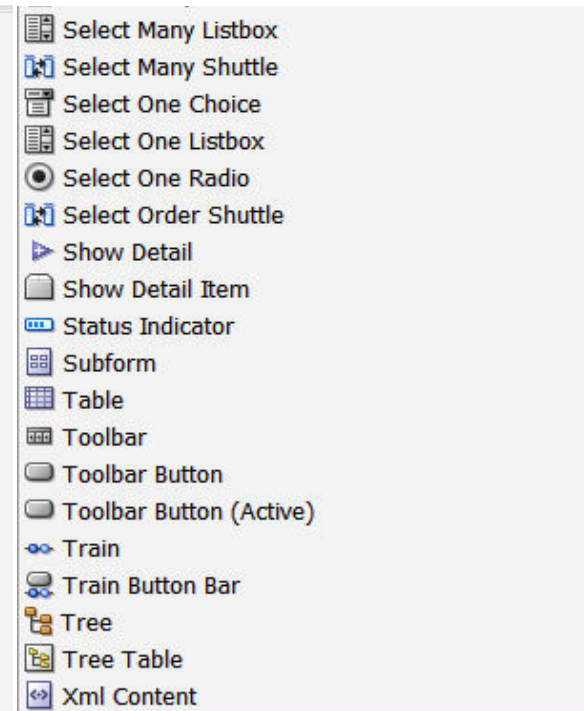
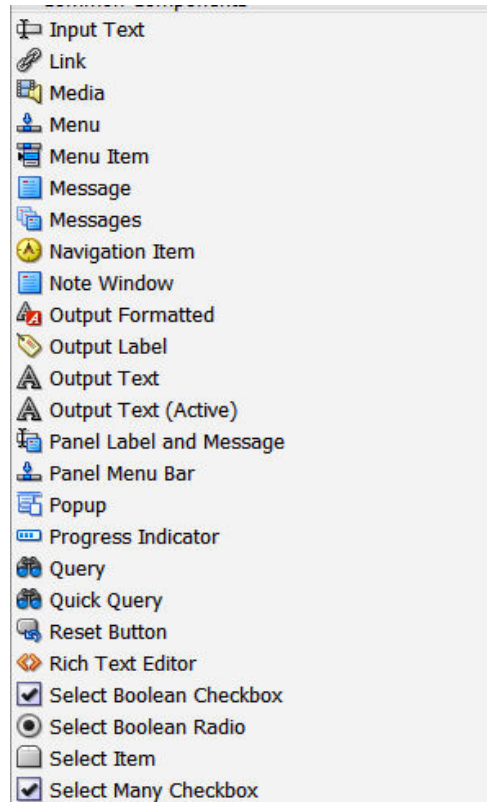
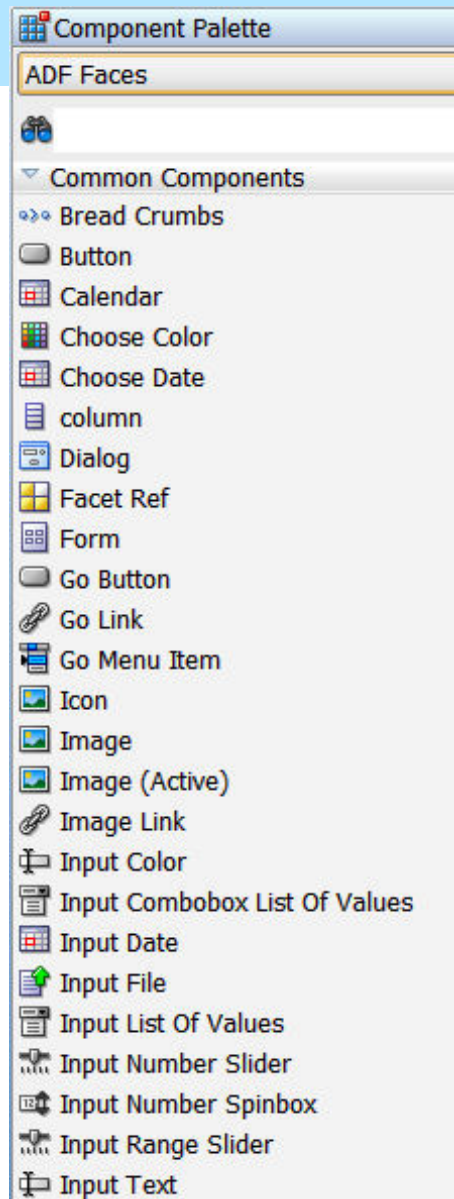


Quick-Start Layout

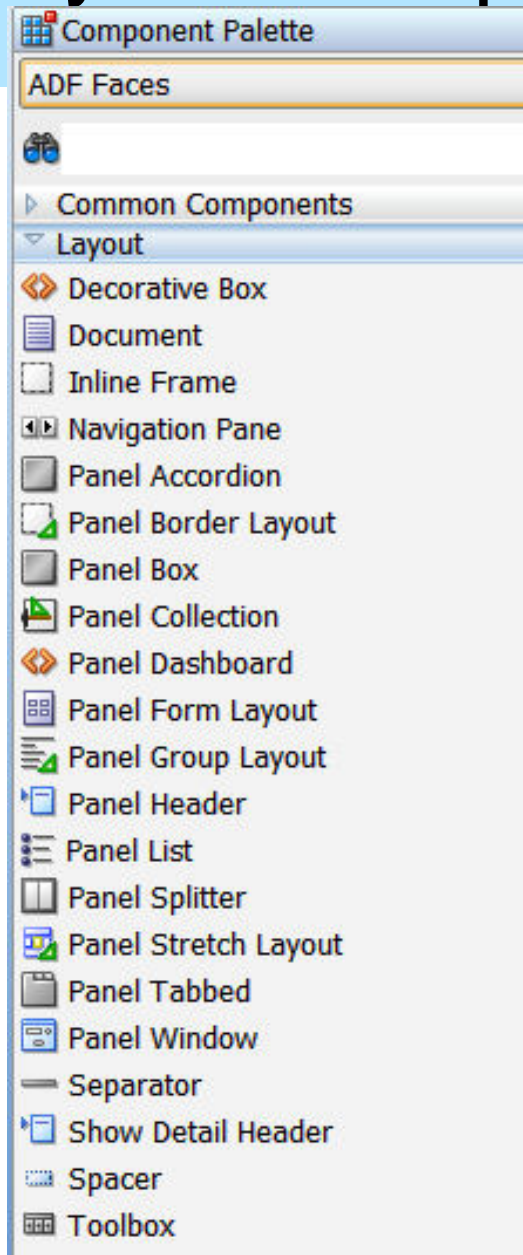
- The supplied quick-start layout is ready to have objects dropped into it



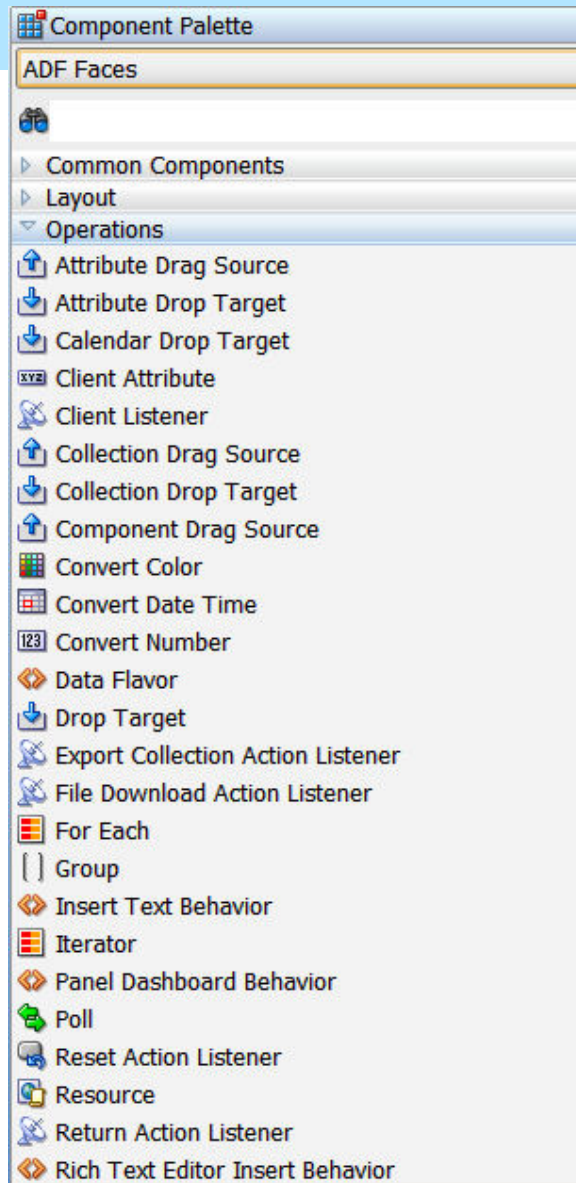
Common Components



Layout Components



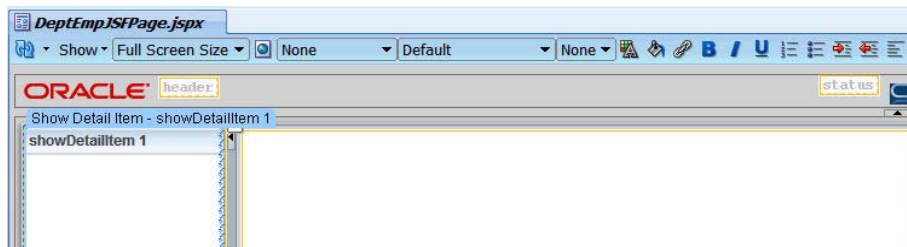
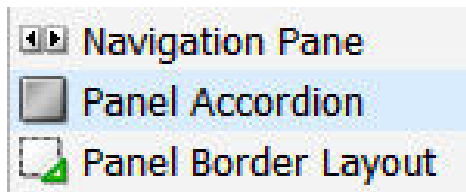
Operations Components



- Scroll Component Into View Behavior
- Server Listener
- Set Action Listener
- Set Property Listener
- Show Popup Behavior
- Show Printable Page Behavior
- Skip Link Target
- Switcher
- Validate Byte Length
- Validate Date Restriction
- Validate Date Time Range
- Validate Double Range
- Validate Length
- Validate Long Range
- Validate Reg Exp

Adding Accordion Component

- To add an Accordion Component to the web page; Panel Accordion component from the pallet to the desired column (“start”)



Change Accordion Title Property

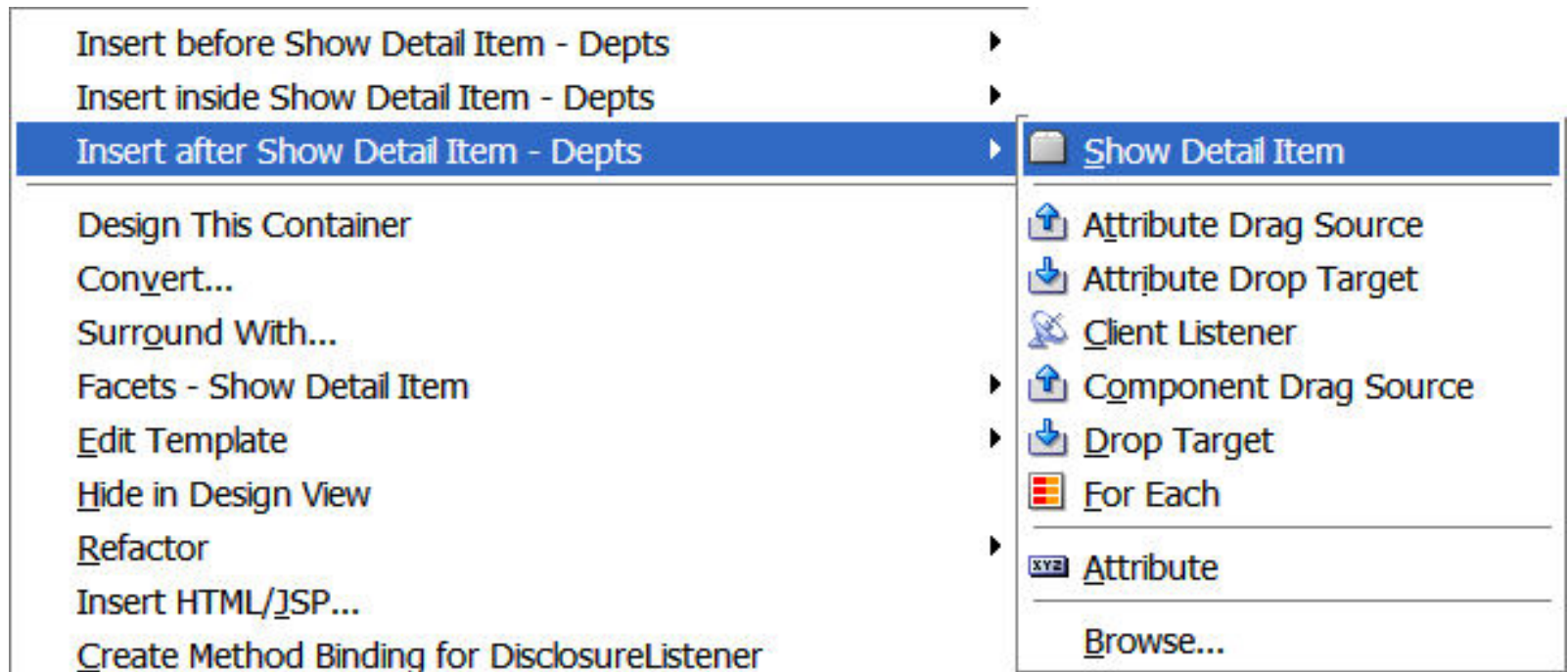
- To alter the Accordion's title, click on the Accordion and modify its Property Inspector Text item (changed to “Depts”)

The screenshot shows the 'Property Inspector' for an 'Accordion' control. The 'Appearance' section is expanded, showing properties like 'Flex' (0), 'InflexibleHeight' (100), 'StretchChildren' (<default> (n...)), 'Icon' (empty), and 'Rendered' (<default> (t...)). Below this, the 'Text' section is visible, showing the 'Text' property set to 'Depts' and the 'AccessKey' property (empty). Each property has a dropdown arrow to its right.

Appearance	
Flex:	0
InflexibleHeight:	100
StretchChildren:	<default> (n...)
Icon:	
Rendered:	<default> (t...)
Text	
Text:	Depts
AccessKey:	

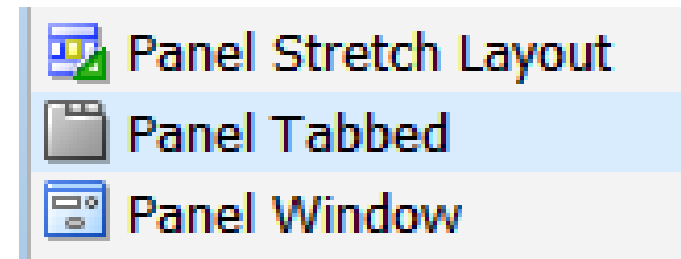
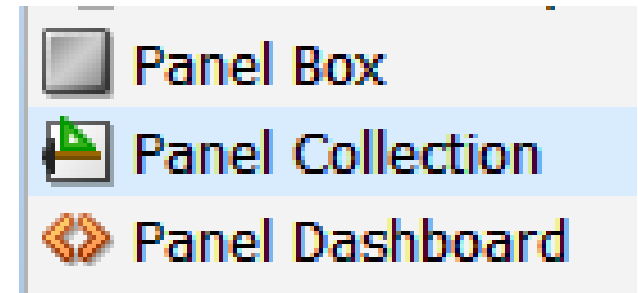
Add Data Component

- Right-click in the “Depts” Accordion; when prompted choose “Insert After Show Details Item - Depts -> Show Detail Item” to add another Accordion to the page (not used further in this demo...)



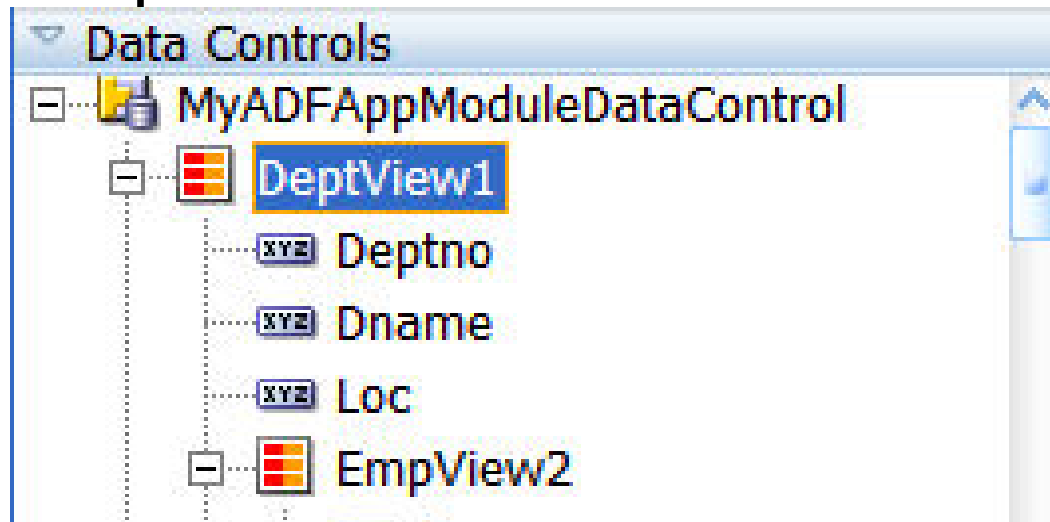
Adding Collection and Tabbed Area

- Find the “Panel Collection” component in the Layout components and drag it to the “first” (top) part of the right half of the screen
- Find the “Panel Tabbed” component in the Layout components and drag it to the “second” (center/bottom) part of the right half of the screen



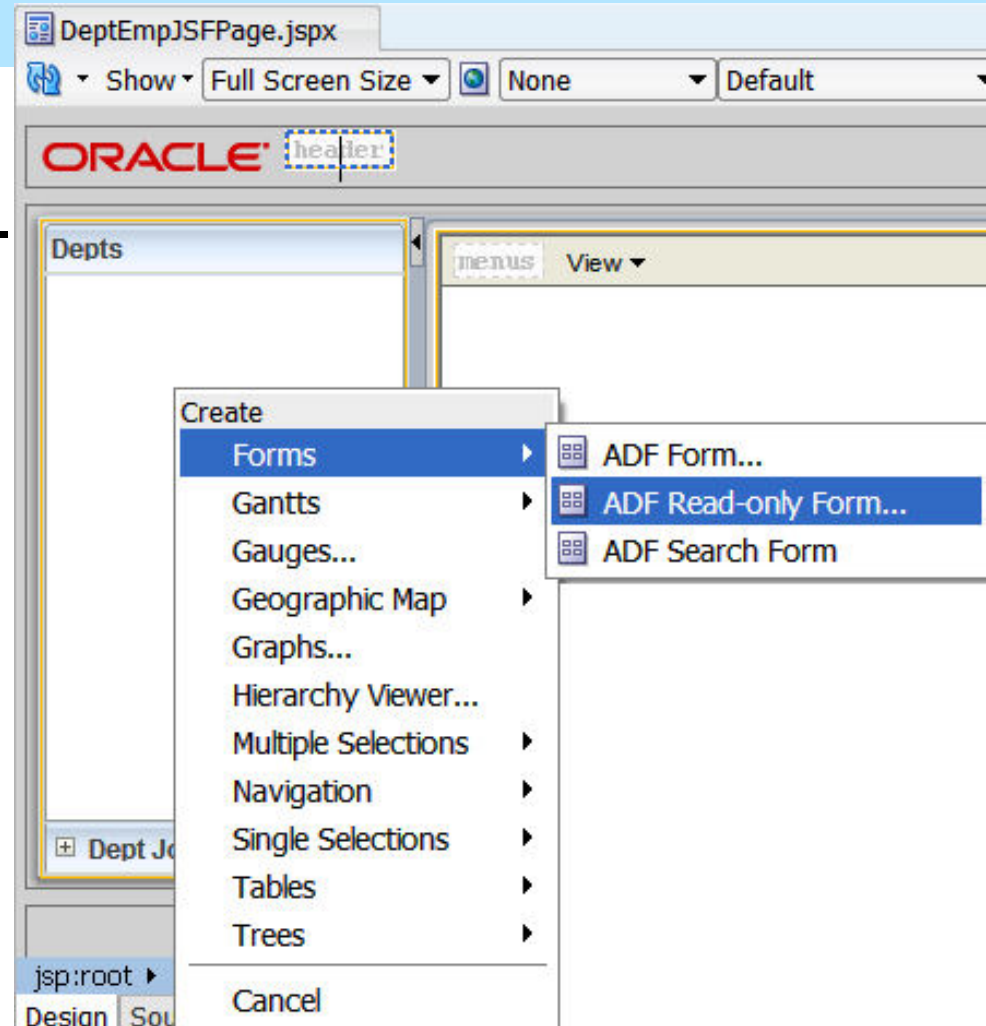
Data Binding: Adding Data, 1

- To “bind” data to web page components, simply drag ADF BC data objects to the Visual Editor
- Open the “Application Navigator” and expand the “Data Controls” accordion to see the ADF BC components created earlier then drag “DeptView1” to the “Depts” accordion



Data Binding: Adding Data, 2

- When prompted; choose “Create Forms -> ADF Read-Only Form” to populate the Department data display



Adding Navigation Controls

- Check the “Include Navigation Controls” box
- You may also modify display labels and add, delete, or reorganize the values displayed

Configure the components that you want to display in your form. Note that you can remove or edit the resulting components after you click OK. You can also add more components directly to the layout later.

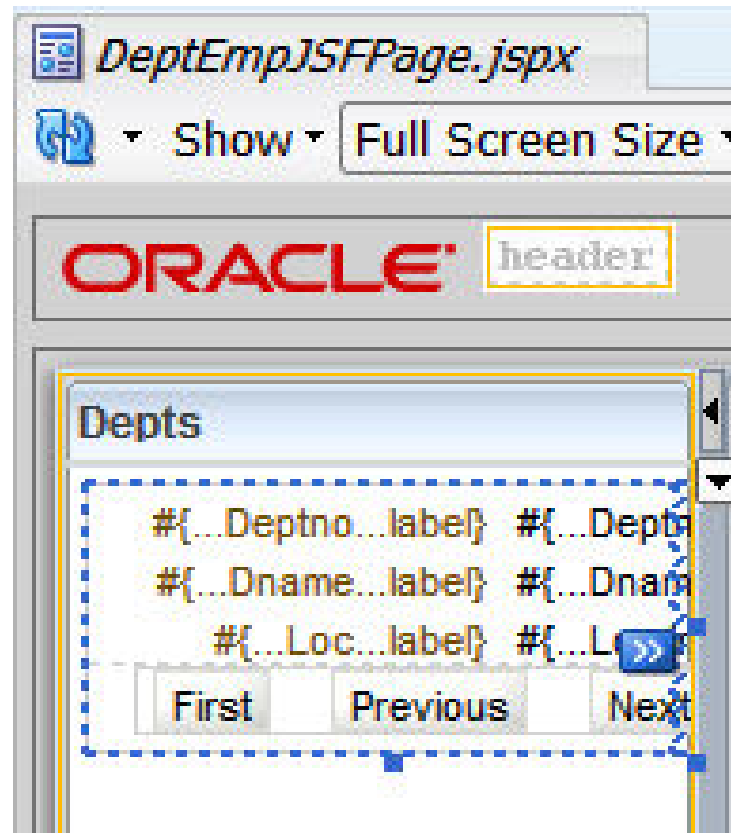
Display Label	Value Binding	Component To Use
XY2 <default>	Deptno	ADF Output Text w/ Label
XY2 <default>	Dname	ADF Output Text w/ Label
XY2 <default>	Loc	ADF Output Text w/ Label

☒ Include Navigation Controls
☐ Include Submit Button

Help OK Cancel

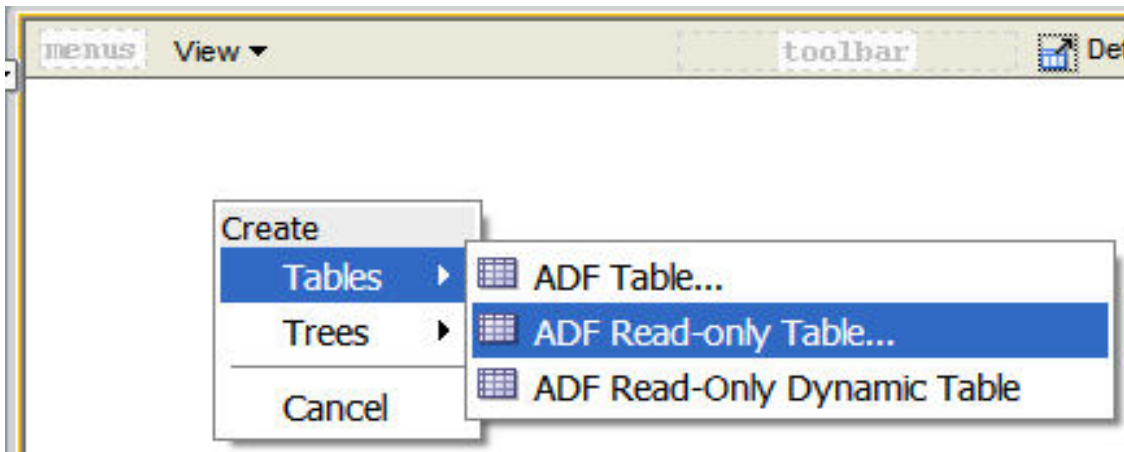
Department Display Area

- After adding the Department information; the “Depts” accordion should look like the following

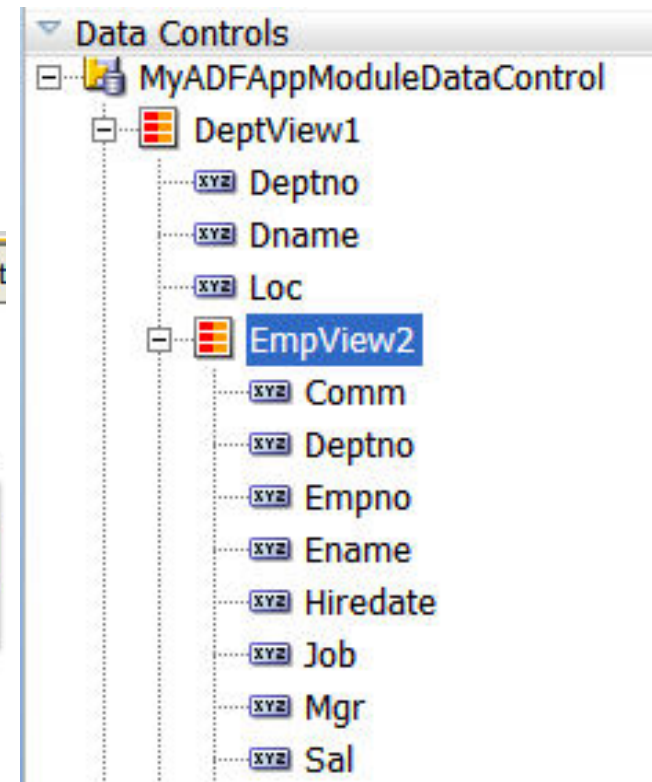


Adding Department Employees

- Next, to add Department Employees to the page, drag the EmpView2 data

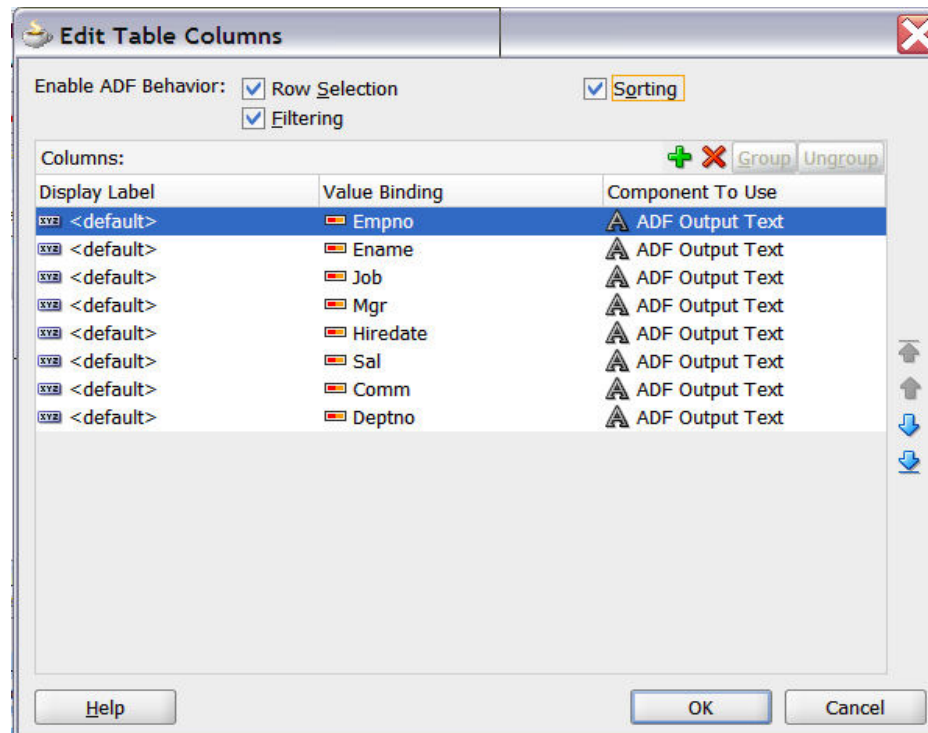


When prompted, choose
“Create Tables -> ADF
Read-Only Table”



Add Employee Navigation Controls

- Check all three navigation controls:
- Row Selection (user may select), filtering (user may search), and sort; as before columns may be relabeled, added, deleted, reorganized



Department Employee Area

DeptEmpJSFPage.jspx

Show Full Screen Size None Default None

ORACLE header status

Depts

#{...Deptno...label} #{...Deptn
#{...Dname...label} #{...Dnam
#{...Loc...label} #{...Loc.in

First Previous Next

menus View toolbar Detach

#{...Empno.label}	#{...Ename.label}	#{...Job.label}	#{...Mgr.label}	#{...Hiredate.label}	#{...filterCriteria
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...}
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...}
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...}

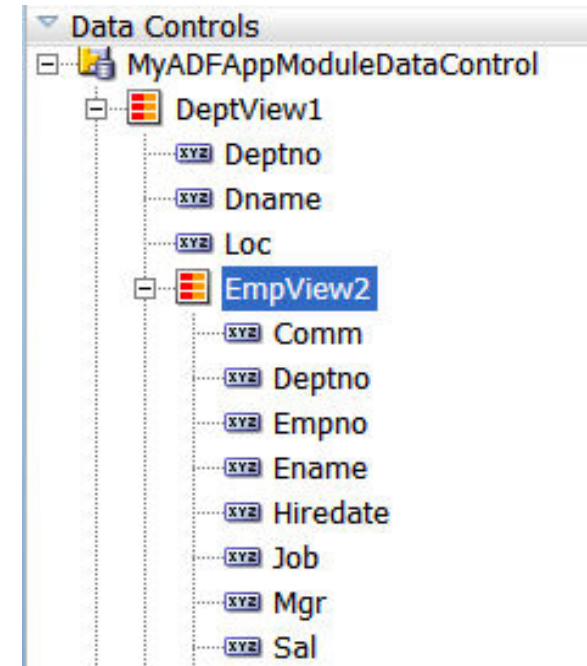
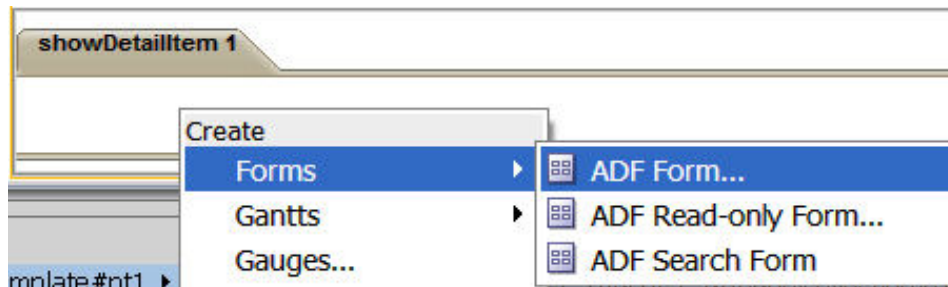
statusbar

showDetailItem 1

+ Dept Jobs

Adding Individual Employee

- Finally, add the individual Employee display to the Tabbed area at the bottom of the page



- When prompted, choose “Create Forms -> ADF Form” to select the display format (this part of the form will be editable)

Add Employee Navigation

- Delete the COMM and DEPTNO data from the display (highlight & click X); check “Include Submit Button”

Configure the components that you want to display in your form. Note that you can remove or edit the resulting components after you click OK. You can also add more components directly to the layout later.

Display Label	Value Binding	Component To Use
<default>	Empno	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Ename	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Job	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Mgr	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Hiredate	ADF Input Date w/ Label
<default>	Sal	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Comm	ADF Input Text w/ Label
<default>	Deptno	ADF Input Text w/ Label

☐ Include Navigation Controls
☒ Include Submit Button

Buttons: Help, OK, Cancel

Completed Web Application Page

DeptEmpJSFPage.jspx

Show Full Screen Size None Default None

ORACLE header status

Depts

#{...Deptno...label} #{...Deptno...inputValue}
 #{...Dname...label} #{...Dname...inputValue}
 #{...Loc...label} #{...Loc...inputValue}

First Previous Next

menus View toolbar

#{...Empno.label}	#{...Ename.label}	#{...Job.label}	#{...Mgr.label}	#{...Hiredate.label}	#{...S...
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...S...
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...S...
#{...Empno}	#{...Ename}	#{...Job}	#{...Mgr}	#{...Hiredate}	#{...S...

statusbar

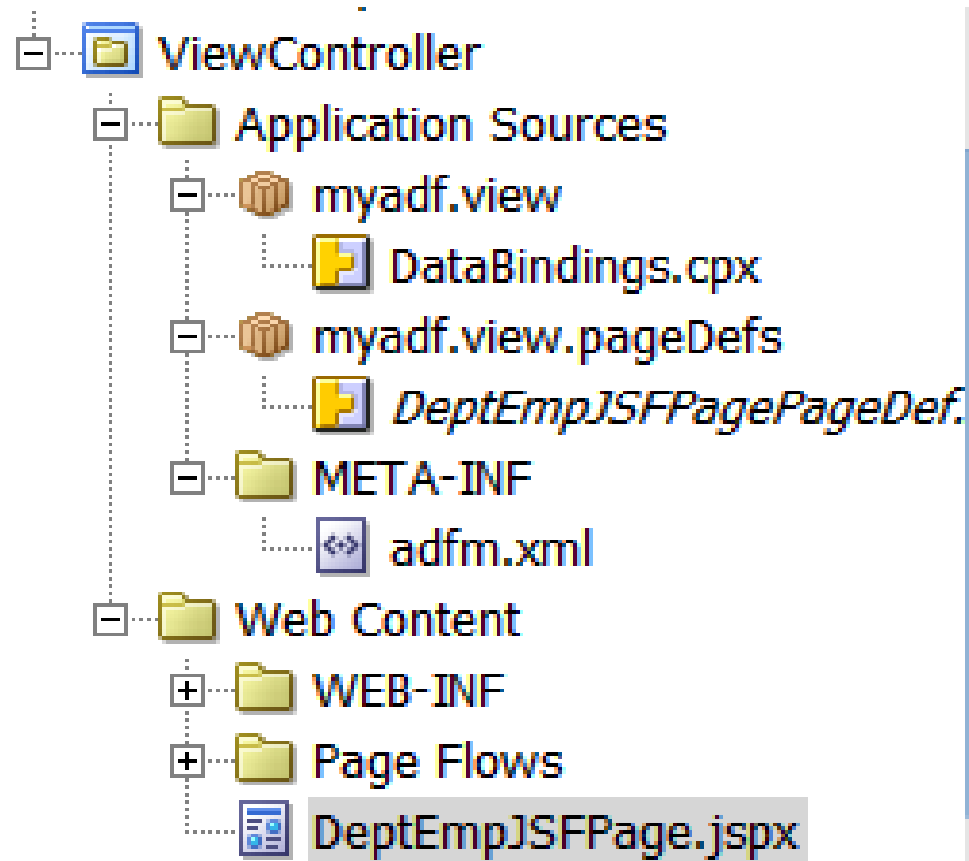
showDetailItem 1

#{...Empno...label} #{...Empno.inputValue}

Dept Jobs

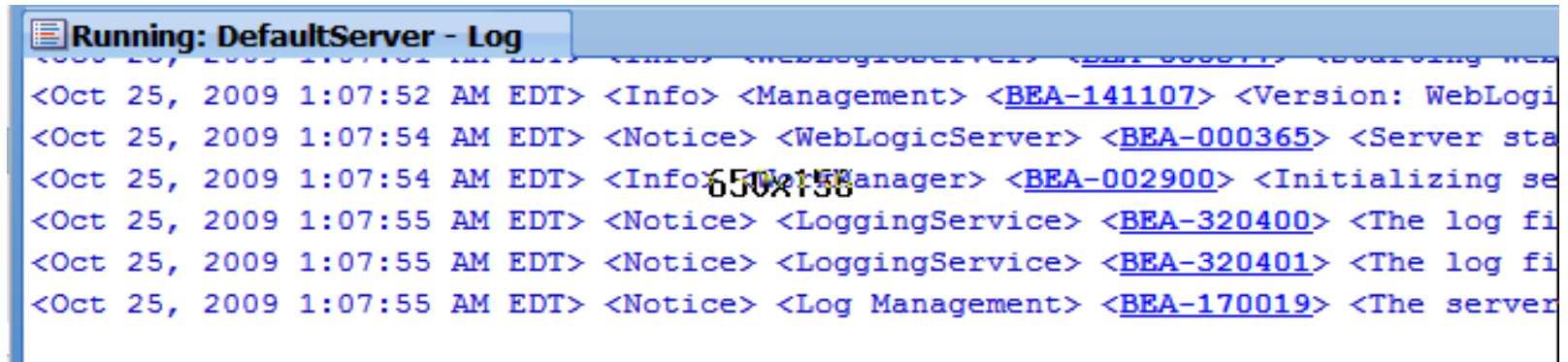
Testing the Web Application

- To begin testing the Web Application; right-click the “.jspx” file created in the ViewController project and choose “Run”



Be Patient!

- The first time you execute a Web application JDeveloper starts its built-in WebLogic Application Server; this takes a while
- You can track the progress of the Server's startup in JDeveloper's DefaultServer Log



The screenshot shows a log window titled "Running: DefaultServer - Log". The log contains several entries from October 25, 2009, at 1:07:52 AM EDT. The entries show the WebLogicServer starting, the WebLogicManager initializing, and the LoggingService starting. The log entries are as follows:

```
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:52 AM EDT> <Info> <Management> <BEA-141107> <Version: WebLogic  
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:54 AM EDT> <Notice> <WebLogicServer> <BEA-000365> <Server sta  
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:54 AM EDT> <Info> <WebLogicManager> <BEA-002900> <Initializing se  
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:55 AM EDT> <Notice> <LoggingService> <BEA-320400> <The log fi  
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:55 AM EDT> <Notice> <LoggingService> <BEA-320401> <The log fi  
<Oct 25, 2009 1:07:55 AM EDT> <Notice> <Log Management> <BEA-170019> <The server
```

- Once the Server is “up” your web page should be displayed in a browser (again, please be patient!)

Web Page in Browser

http://127.0.0.1:7101/MyADFApplicatio...

ORACLE

Depts

Deptno 10
Dname ACCOUNTING
Loc NEW YORK

First Previous Next

View Detach

Empno	Ename	Job	Mgr	Hire Date	Sal
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09.06.1981	2450
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17.11.1981	5000
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23.01.1982	1300

showDetailItem 1

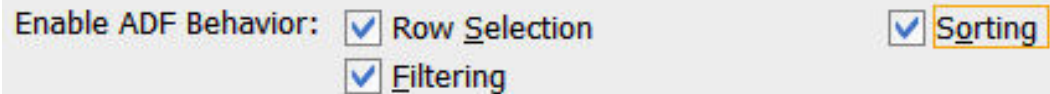
* Empno 7782
Ename CLARK
Job MANAGER
Mgr 7839
Hire Date 09.06.1981
Sal 2450

Submit

+ Dept Jobs

Using ADF Runtime Controls

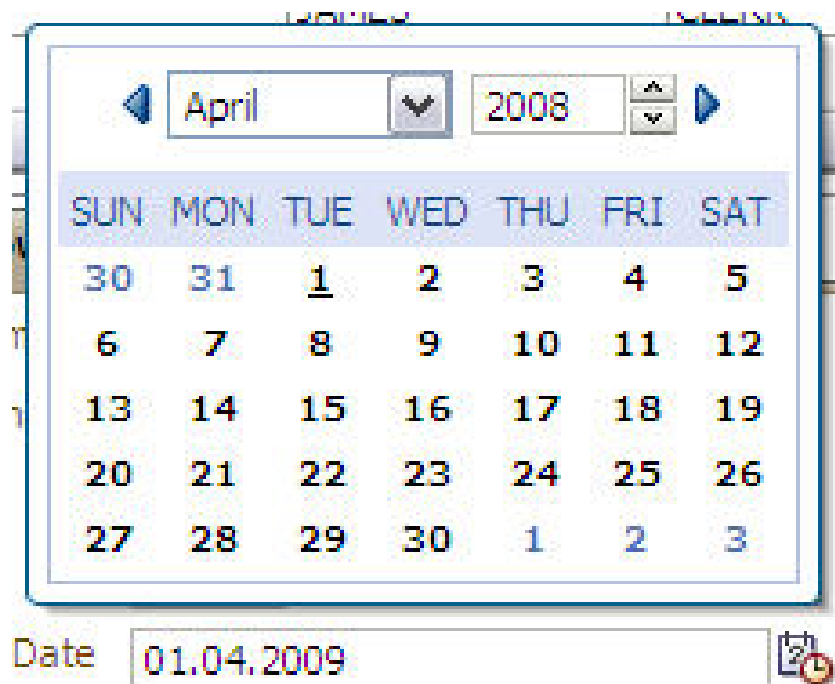
- ADF Faces enable a great deal of runtime customization of the output
- When “binding” tables you have the option to allow three features:



- Row Selection Allow user to select rows
 - Filtering User may specify search
 - Sorting Allow user to sort output
- The Property Inspector may be used to enable/disable these features on a column-by-column basis; in addition, “Column Selection” may be enabled

Date Calendar Rich-Client Object

- The Date “Calendar” icon is used to set a date; click the time icon next to the date field to display a full-function Calendar component



Files Supporting Web Application

- Several files make up the typical ADF Web Application
 - A .jspx file is used to define each web page
 - Web pages reference a page definition XML file (.xml)
 - Bindings are described in another XML file (.cpx)

JSF .jspx File

- ADF defines a web page using an XML .jspx file

```

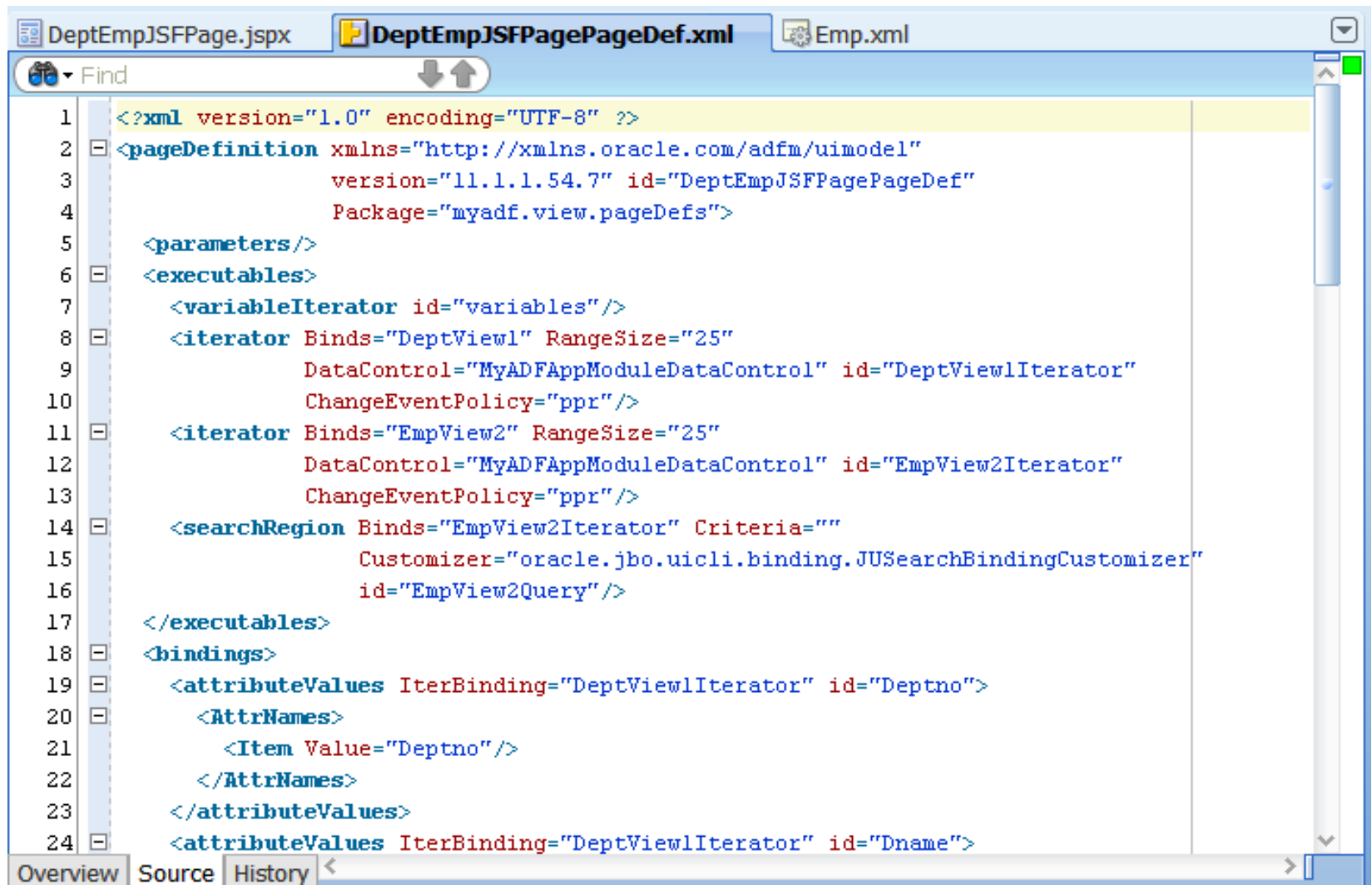
7 <f:view>
8   <af:document id="dl">
9     <af:messages id="ml"/>
10    <af:form id="fl">
11      <af:pageTemplate viewId="/oracle/templates/threeColumnTemplate.jsx"
12        id="pt1">
13        <f:facet name="center">
14          <af:panelSplitter id="psl" orientation="vertical">
15            <f:facet name="first">
16              <af:panelCollection id="pcl">
17                <f:facet name="menus"/>
18                <f:facet name="toolbar"/>
19                <f:facet name="statusbar"/>
20                <af:table value="#{bindings.EmpView2.collectionModel}"
21                  var="row" rows="#{bindings.EmpView2.rangeSize}"
22                  emptyText="#{bindings.EmpView2.viewable ? 'No data to display'"
23                  fetchSize="#{bindings.EmpView2.rangeSize}"
24                  rowBandingInterval="0"
25                  filterModel="#{bindings.EmpView2Query.queryDescriptor}"
26                  queryListener="#{bindings.EmpView2Query.processQuery}"
27                  filterVisible="true" varStatus="vs"
28                  selectedRowKeys="#{bindings.EmpView2.collectionModel.selected"
29                  selectionListener="#{bindings.EmpView2.collectionModel.makeCu

```

document#dl ▶ af:form#fl ▶ af:pagetemplate#pt1 ▶ f:facet ▶ af:panelaccordion#pa1 ▶ af:showdetailitem#sdi1 ▶

Design Source Bindings Preview History

ADF Web Page Definition file (.xml)



The screenshot shows an IDE window with three tabs: 'DeptEmpJSFPage.jspx', 'DeptEmpJSFPagePageDef.xml' (active), and 'Emp.xml'. The active tab displays the XML content of the page definition file. The XML is structured as follows:

```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
2  <pageDefinition xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adfm/ui/model"
3      version="11.1.1.54.7" id="DeptEmpJSFPagePageDef"
4      Package="myadf.view.pageDefs">
5      <parameters/>
6      <executables>
7          <variableIterator id="variables"/>
8          <iterator Binds="DeptView1" RangeSize="25"
9              DataControl="MyADFAppModuleDataControl" id="DeptView1Iterator"
10             ChangeEventPolicy="ppr"/>
11          <iterator Binds="EmpView2" RangeSize="25"
12              DataControl="MyADFAppModuleDataControl" id="EmpView2Iterator"
13             ChangeEventPolicy="ppr"/>
14          <searchRegion Binds="EmpView2Iterator" Criteria=""
15              Customizer="oracle.jbo.uicli.binding.JUSearchBindingCustomizer"
16              id="EmpView2Query"/>
17      </executables>
18      <bindings>
19          <attributeValues IterBinding="DeptView1Iterator" id="Deptno">
20              <AttrNames>
21                  <Item Value="Deptno"/>
22              </AttrNames>
23          </attributeValues>
24          <attributeValues IterBinding="DeptView1Iterator" id="Dname">

```

The IDE interface includes a 'Find' bar at the top, a line number margin on the left, and a tabbed editor at the bottom with 'Overview', 'Source', and 'History' views.

ADF Bindings XML file (.cpx)

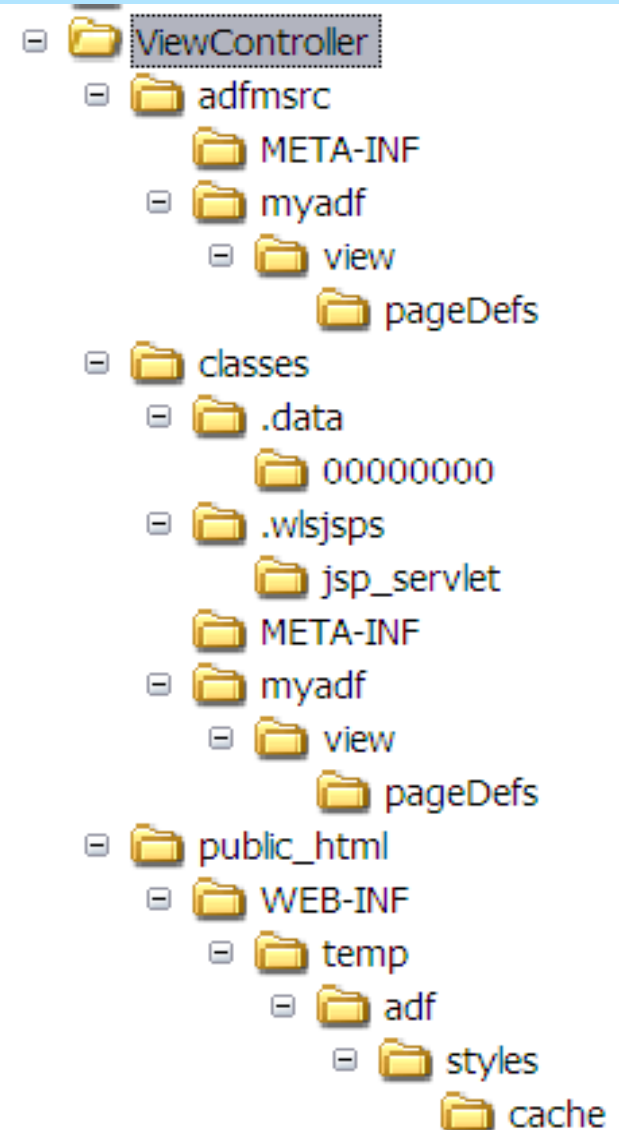
```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
2  <Application xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adfm/application"
3             version="11.1.1.54.7" id="DataBindings" SeparateXMLFiles="false"
4             Package="myadf.view" ClientType="Generic">
5    <pageMap>
6      <page path="/DeptEmpJSFPage.jspx"
7           usageId="myadf_view_DeptEmpJSFPagePageDef"/>
8    </pageMap>
9    <pageDefinitionUsages>
10     <page id="myadf_view_DeptEmpJSFPagePageDef"
11          path="myadf.view.pageDefs.DeptEmpJSFPagePageDef"/>
12  </pageDefinitionUsages>
13  <dataControlUsages>
14    <BC4JDataControl id="MyADFAppModuleDataControl" Package="myadf.model"
15                    FactoryClass="oracle.adf.model.bc4j.DataControlFactoryImpl"
16                    SupportsTransactions="true" SupportsFindMode="true"
17                    SupportsRangeSize="true" SupportsResetState="true"
18                    SupportsSortCollection="true"
19                    Configuration="MyADFAppModuleLocal" syncMode="Immediate"
20                    xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adfm/datacontrol"/>
21  </dataControlUsages>
22 </Application>

```

ADF Faces ViewController Files

- The XML files representing the ViewController project are distributed using a directory structure



ADF vs. Forms

Feature	Forms	ADF
Declarative database access	Yes	Yes
Reuse of database access	Some	Yes
Declarative user interface development	Yes	Yes
Automatic screen generation	Yes	Some
Reuse of user interface	Some	Yes
Web Deployment	Yes	Yes
Client-Server Deployment	No	Yes
Fusion Applications development tool	No	Yes
Customizable	Yes	Yes
Built with open standards	No	Yes

ADF Features Not Discussed

- ADF has many features; only some have been shown in this demo; others include:
 - Graphics
 - Complex Views
 - List of Values (LOV)
 - ADF task Flow
 - AJAX/Partial Page Refresh
 - JSF Navigation
 - Transaction Control
 - Layouts and Containers
 - Special visual components
 - Events and Listeners
 - Generating Excel output
 - Printing
 - Tree Components & Tables
 - ADF Reusability Features
 - ADF Libraries
 - Skinning
 - Templates
 - Debugging and Logging
 - Security Issues
 - WebLogic Management
 - Application Deployment
 - Custom Java Components

Available Books

- Quick Start Guide to Oracle Fusion Development
 - Grant Ronald
 - Oracle Press
- Oracle JDeveloper 11g Handbook
 - Duncan Mills, Peter Koletzke, Dr. Avrom Roy-Federman
 - Oracle Press
- Oracle Fusion Developer's Guide
 - Frank Nimphius, Lynn Munsinger
 - Oracle Press

Wrapping It Up

- Oracle's design emphasis and new features will support the Java-based ADF mechanism and enhance it for the foreseeable future
- JDeveloper and ADF allow creation of simple web applications easily:
 - ADF BC for data creates reusable components
 - ADF Faces for view creates reusable components
- Oracle Forms is not going anywhere; it is not necessary to "convert" things to ADF
- I did not write a single line of Java in this demo!

Need More on ADF?

- ODTUG's KScope 11 is coming June 26-29 in Long Beach, California

Featuring an entire ADF track with top speakers from the user community and Oracle

See <http://kscope11.com/> for more



A scenic view of a modern city skyline across a body of water, featuring several tall skyscrapers and palm trees in the foreground. The water is calm, reflecting the blue sky and the buildings. In the foreground, there are several palm trees and some greenery. The city skyline includes a prominent blue and white building, a tall grey skyscraper, and several other modern structures. The sky is clear and blue.

A large Ferris wheel and roller coaster at night, illuminated with lights. The Ferris wheel is the central focus, with its spokes and gondolas clearly visible. The roller coaster tracks are illuminated with blue and white lights, creating a dynamic pattern against the dark sky. The scene is set in an urban environment, with palm trees and other structures visible in the background.



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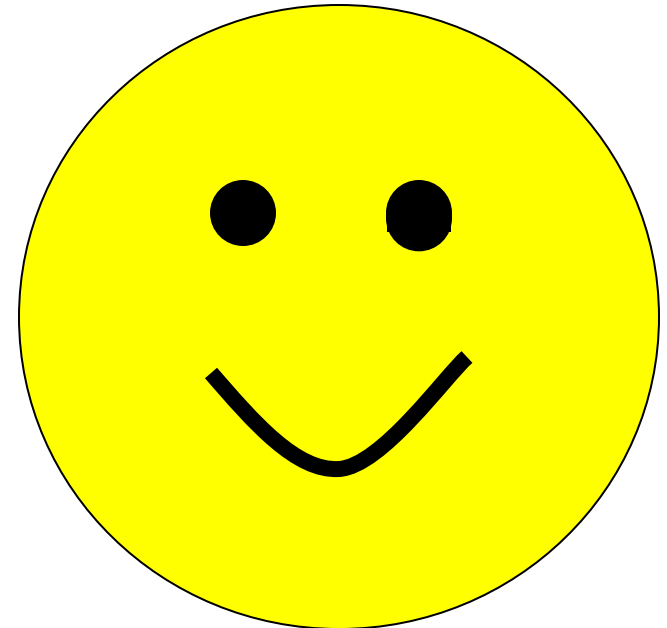
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Thank you for your interest and attention!



Thanks for your attention!

Today's presentation is on the web! <http://www.kingtraining.com>
John King's email: john@kingtraining.com